



RIVER

SECURITY

Enhancing Security Testing for QA
Professionals

...the owner can only...
...be actively used by the owner.

main



WHO AM I?

COO, PRINCIPAL AND FOUNDER AT RIVER SECURITY

PRINCIPAL INSTRUCTOR AT SANS

IN SHORT:

**I SHOW HOW CRIMINALS BREAK-IN,
AND I HELP THROW THEM BACK OUT...**

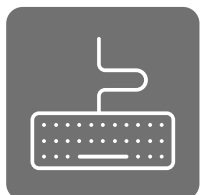
- GCIH** GIAC Certified Incident Handler
- GPEN** GIAC Certified Penetration Tester
- GSLC** GIAC Security Leadership
- GMOB** GIAC Mobile Device Security Analyst
- GDAT** GIAC Defending Advanced Adversaries
- GCTI** GIAC Cyber Threat Intelligence
- GCFA** GIAC Certified Forensic Analyst
- GXPT** GIAC Certified Penetration Tester

Agenda



Introduction to IT Security Testing

Why Security Testing Matters
The Evolving Threat Landscape



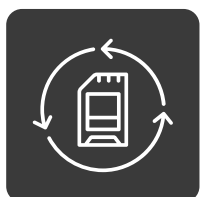
Understanding Security Vulnerabilities

Common Vulnerabilities and their implications
Real world breaches and lessons learned



Principles of Security Testing

Tools and techniques suited for testers
Black box vs. White box testing



Other Important Aspects

Best Practices
Procedures and checklists



Setting the Stage with Cyber Crime – Who are we up against?

An interesting view on the threat actors, who they are and the money
the make.



James Walker @saskw... · 4 d

Our very own #Infosec Rock Star @ChrisADale aces the Huawei open the @Raspberry_Pi black-box challenge #CyberRetraining @CyberRetraining



← 5 9



Sturla Dyregrov
Rediger profil

- Nyhetsoppdatering**
- Meldinger 5
 - Arrangementer 8

GRUPPER

- Bevar Møkster 20+
- Klubb 2 20+
- Badass-Poker.com 5
- Hilde og Viggos 50-... 6
- Helt Texas i Åsen a...
- Høststormen 20+
- Åpen og nøytral gru... 5
- Radio Reunion Be...
- Hysj hysj!
- Administrer grupp...
- Opprett en gruppe
- Finn nye grupper

APPLIKASJONER

- Spill 2
- Foreslå endringer
- Musikk
- Spilloppdateringer 20+

VENNER

- UIB
- Gimle Skole
- P 3 Radio
- P 3 Radio
- radio1

INTERESSER

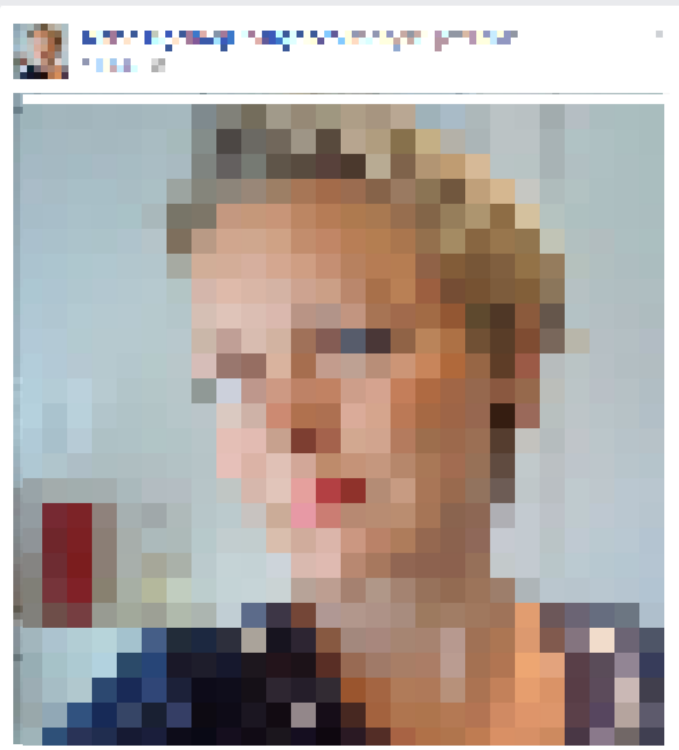
- Sider og offentlige ...

SIDER

- LLK As
- Sideoppdateringer 20+
- Lik sider
- Opprett annonse

Oppdater status | Legg til bilder/video

Hva tenker du på?



- [User profile] ...
- [User profile] ...
- [User profile] ...
- [User profile] ...

SPONSERTE ANNONSER

- [Ad 1]
- [Ad 2]
- [Ad 3]

SPONSET | Opprett annonse

Les hele julekatalogen på nett
Klikk for å lese!
Pssst... Her kan du se julekatalogen
oversiktlig og lett direkte på nett!



Select your email provider

Now, you can sign in to dropbox with your email











En «superradikal» 46-åring gir demokratene håp i Texas



Urlix forklarer

«Trump er ikke på valg – men valget dreier seg om Trump»



Magnus Carlsen (5) er bedre enn det Magnus Carlsen var da han var fem år gammel



Ny rapport: Høgre-ekstremistar vert stadig



Herjes av virus – tar grep før gullkampen mot Brann



Install the latest version of Flash Player

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Flash Player

Operating System: OSX

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[SAVE TO COMPUTER](#)

Cyber Crime and Threat Actors

- High returns for low efforts
 - You can target thousands of victims with little effort
 - Payments often happen instantly
- Money laundering
 - Cryptocurrency
 - Tumblers
 - Mules
- Personal Data - How much are we worth?
 - Loose once and it is potential permanent damage for victims
- Easy to stay anonymous and not get caught



Crouching Yeti (Russia), Epic Turla (Russia), Darkhotel (Unknown) (Source: Kaspersky)

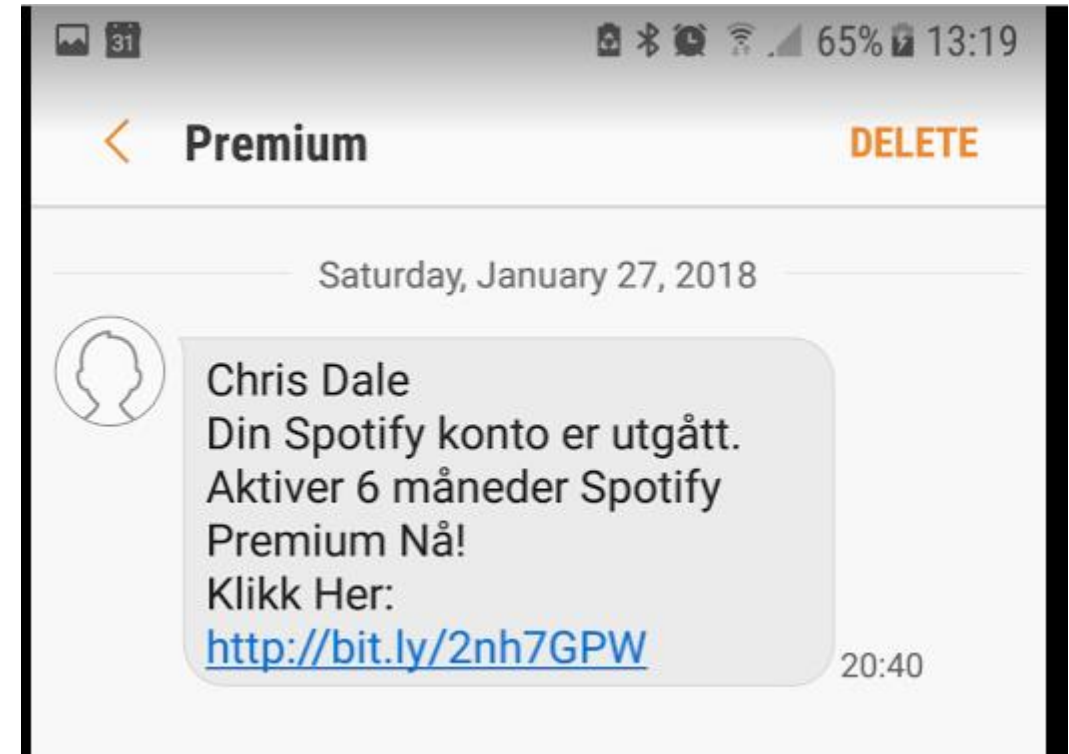


Hacking is BIG MONEY



Personal Data

How much are we worth?
Our personal data for sale.





LOGIN

SIGN UP

JAN 27

Få Spotify Premium i 6 måneder

<http://heypingvin.com/tracking/579f36f7a618205e119260b9?src=5841821eb76fab302614cfd7&s1=&s2=&s3=&s4=&s5=&k=5a0971d4885adb08796976ff>

bitly.com/2nh7GPW

COPY

506
CLICKS



DATA IN UTC

Good day.

If you were more attentive while playing with yourself, I wouldn't write this message. I don't think that playing with yourself is really terrible, but when all your friends, relatives, colleagues get video of it- it is certainly for u.

I seized virus on a porn site which you have visited. When the victim tap on a play button, device starts recording the screen and all cameras on ur device begins working.

Moreover, my virus makes a remote desktop supplied with keylogger function from the device , so I could collect all contacts from ur e-mail, messengers and other social networks. I've chosen this e-mail because It's your corporate address, so you must read it.

I think that 330 usd is pretty enough for this little misstep. I made a split screen video(records from screen (interesting category) and camera ohh... its funny AF)

So its your choice, if u want me to destroy this compromising evidence use my bitcoin wallet address:
1KW6s63nYrdV2zBEjPqYA6UiPXWEw5cBX8

You have one day after opening my message, I put the special tracking pixel in it, so when you will open it I will know.If ya want me to show u the proofs, reply on this message and I will send my creation to five contacts that I've got from ur contacts.

Bitcoin Address

Addresses are identifiers which you use to send bitcoins to another person.

Summary	
Address	1KW6s63nYrdV2zBEjPqYA6UiPXWEw5cBX8
Hash 160	caf338becaf45f92a6ce60f4ca8b4244d602d82f
Tools	Related Tags - Unspent Outputs

Transactions	
No. Transactions	2
Total Received	0.03472554 BTC
Final Balance	0 BTC




[Request Payment](#) [Donation Button](#)

Transactions (Oldest First)

[Filter](#) ▾

540a4373ccc2f7e4b0a25dbd1c3c86a5dde69e57b03bd64aabb2ca63fd77740e	2018-01-25 12:31:44
1KW6s63nYrdV2zBEjPqYA6UiPXWEw5cBX8 → 12squoasPM9paRtrv9JFwPU1fnCvp9wpph 19qPHb5tsioQvT5M7ip1nsvLS5sh9YEWGR	0.0032566 BTC 0.124838 BTC
	-0.03472554 BTC



Simple. Seamless. Secure.
Use your Blockchain wallet to buy bitcoin now.
[GET STARTED](#)



c2384201f2551b1bf2830d2d3fabdfae6bace58b401e823545045d9b797dea4f	2018-01-25 05:03:27
1HHUTo6wY7cY9Wq3x2b5u89gdgvw8SbjHE → 1KW6s63nYrdV2zBEjPqYA6UiPXWEw5cBX8	0.03472554 BTC
	0.03472554 BTC



Bobby Bryant <Martin@bredwardsroofi... Wed, Jun 9, 9:13 PM (12 hours ago)



to me ▾



This message seems dangerous

Similar messages were used to steal people's personal information. Avoid clicking links, downloading attachments, or replying with personal information.

Looks safe



I am aware Sirch85 is one of your pass. Lets get directly to the point. Not a single person has compensated me to check about you. You may not know me and you are most likely thinking why you are getting this email?

Well, i actually placed a malware on the adult videos (pornography) web-site and there's more, you visited this web site to have fun (you know what i mean). When you were watching video clips, your web browser started out working as a Remote control Desktop with a key logger which provided me accessibility to your screen and also webcam. after that, my software collected every one of your contacts from your Messenger, Facebook, as well as e-mail. after that i created a video. 1st part displays the video you were viewing (you have a fine taste rofl), and second part shows the recording of your web cam, and it is u.

You get two different options. Why dont we take a look at the options in details:

1st alternative is to ignore this e-mail. in such a case, i will send out your very own video clip to all your contacts and then consider concerning the humiliation you will see. and definitely if you are in a romantic relationship, just how it will certainly affect?

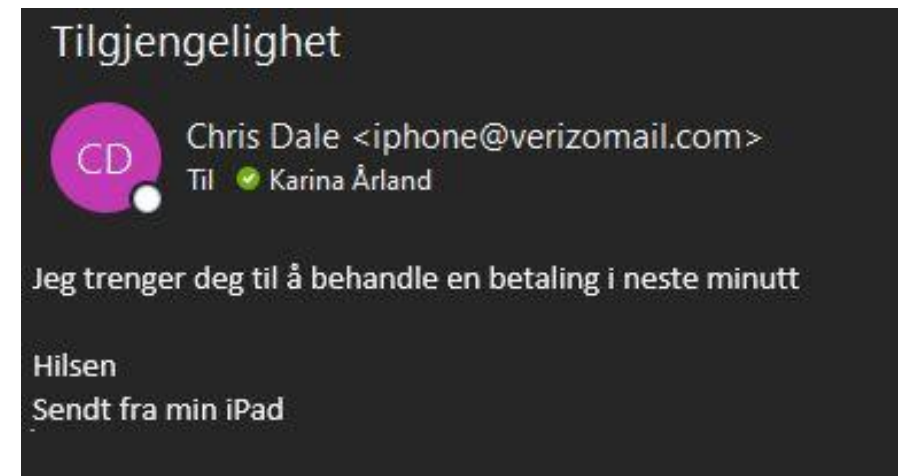
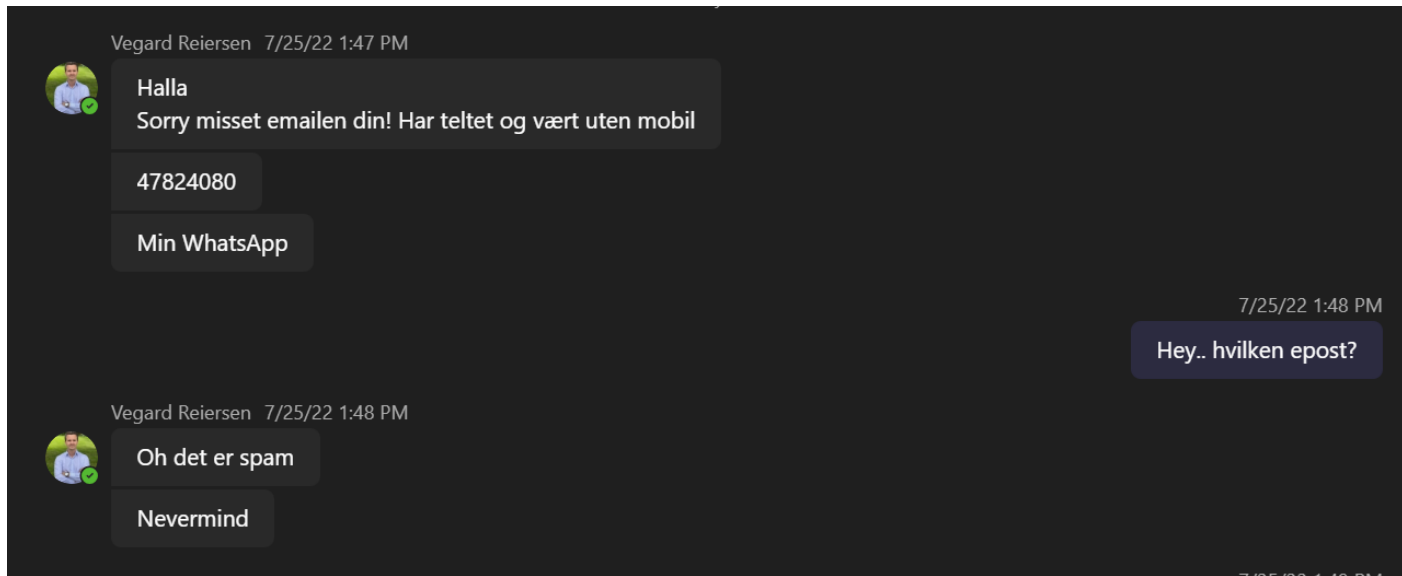
Second option would be to compensate me \$5833. Lets refer to it as a donation. Then, i most certainly will straightaway erase your video. You could keep daily life like this never happened and you would never hear back again from me.

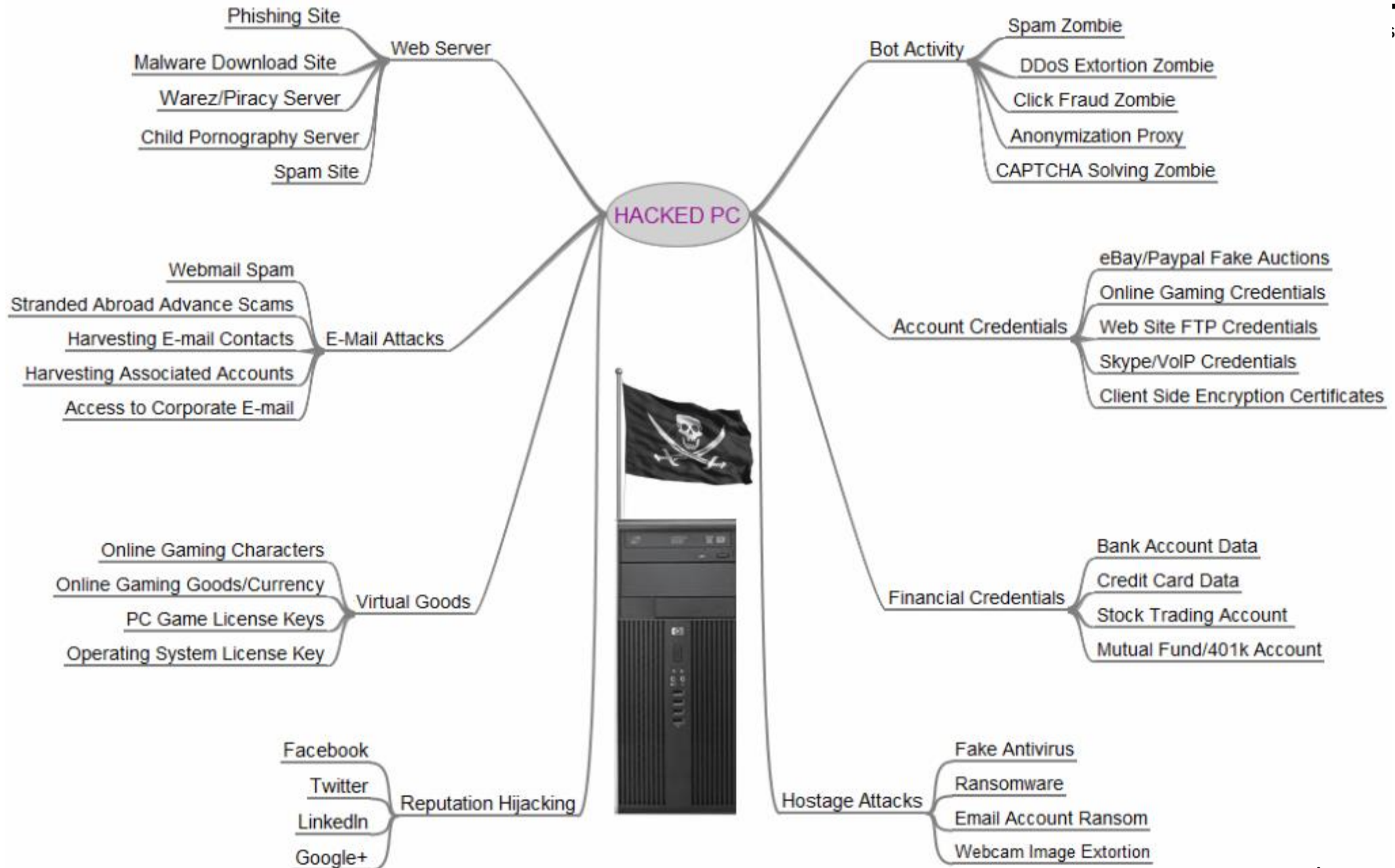
You will make the payment through Bitcoin (if you don't know this, search 'how to buy bitcoin' in Google search engine).

Bitcoin address to send to: 1G8HEyjXSfzSfrjTf6gbaXk4xBkDiBDu5X

[case sensitive copy and paste it]

Within the Same Week of Hire





Attacks for Fun and Profit

- Attackers are figuring out how to make money from their malicious code
- Ask law enforcement: If there's money in a given crime, we'll see much more of it
- How to make money on malicious code:
 - Cryptocurrency miners
 - Spam and web-based advertising
 - Phishing: Email, phone, and targeted (spear) phishing
 - Denial-of-Service extortion
 - Keystroke loggers stealing financial information
 - Rent out armies of infected systems for all the above
 - RAM scrapers pulling CC numbers from POS terminals
- Ransomware, ransomware, ransomware

How much would
someone pay to
get access to your
organization?

Selling accesses to network, administrator rights, full control.

Here are list of some accesses, have more, available upon request

wmra.gov.eg - 2k
mrhe.gov.ae - 10k
army.lk - 25k
viacom18.com - 18k
alshaya.com - 20k
portoflongview.com - 5k
otodevelopment.com - 10k
offleaseonly.com - 10k
manipalglobal.com - 5k
keyfamily.com - 5k
jho.com - 5k
brdb.com.my - 3.5k
autoaccounts.com - 1k

Description

It's likely you already know who we are and what we do, but what most people don't realise is that we're a very profitable machine and we're financially motivated. As such, we're always expanding and needing to acquire top-tier talent to expand our operations and profitability. Think of us as a corporate bank employer. We're serious, because we earn serious money, and you can too. You'll be working in a strong team-based environment, communicating and collaborating with like-minded and ambitious individuals. You'll be checking into project trackers, accepting suitable workflow positions, and carefully documenting your work for review. You'll be engaged in operations against various companies and governments and world-wide deployments. If you're goal-oriented and used to objectives and achieving them, then you're perfect for us. You'll be upsetting a lot of people and earning a lot of coin through illegal activity that pays well.

Requirements

1. Windows Application Design
2. Windows Network Management
3. Linux Application Design
4. Unix-based Network Design & Management
5. Web-based Penetration
6. Systems Administration
7. Database Management
8. Programming (Any Useful Language)

- Must have at least ten years experience working with an above field, not a combination of fields. This is not negotiable.
- Must have at least five years experience working in a team-based cooperation environment. We don't want freelancers.
- Must have strong work ethics and a willingness to work full-time for this organisation.
- Must have a winning attitude. Life's too short not to be rich.

review, if you're chosen.

Salary Programme

You'll be offered GBP 50.000 per month, pending a 90 day probationary period of GBP 5.000 per month. After the first year, we'll raise your salary by an additional 25% to a total of GBP 62.500 per month. After the second year you'll be entitled to a final salary of GBP 70.000 per month, but not more. You won't have a right to negotiate for more compensation.

Commission Programme

You'll be offered 25% of all profits from each project you engage in and satisfy the objectives that we'll determine before you accepting the project. You won't have a right to negotiate for more compensation. If you're writing useful code, you'll be given 35% of profits from the deployment of your code.

Testing

You'll consent to taking any certificate level tests or other tests we ask for, so that we may better understand your faculties and experience. You'll be required to answer extensive questionnaires about your previous and current performance and in some cases you'll be required to perform certain tasks. This may include verifying your current level of profitability.

If this is you and you're interested in coming aboard for one of the world's most high-level operating cyber-terrorism threat groups, then PM us. If you don't send us an encrypted message, we won't even bother responding. This isn't an attempt at poor humour. We're all well-paid and this couldn't be any more serious. A lot happens behind the shadows that people don't see, so come see for yourself.

Current Availability: 2 Slots

Darknet Post 1/2

It seems that I got some good logs from my malware. Yes, I was bored last night and decided to have a look on what I have collected so far. Between all the files there, I found some screenshots, which show some "Jack Pot" evidence about a cheating cop. I do a little research and found his "poor" wife and that he has a good place in the police pyramid. I will keep it simple is there anyone interested on giving me a hand with that? You know how it goes, I give you what I got you are doing your techniques for a successful blackmail and the money is divided by 2. More than that I have as well some other screenshots of married cheaters. Are you down? Let me know.

Darknet Post 2/2

Some days ago I have posted this thread asking for additional help on blackmailing a cop. [http://\[redacted\]/showthread.php?tid=4569](http://[redacted]/showthread.php?tid=4569)

This project went as good as planned, so now I got his money and leave him alone. The thing now is that I'm posting this as a challenge for those who want to do their very first steps into the blackmail world. As I "promised" to him I won't mess around with him again. So I provide you a list of screenshots prove his flirt with younger girls. I also provide you a list of his friends and his wife's friends, as long as his wife real facebook profile. I'm not going to play around with him again the promise was, but I didn't mention anything about others messing with him.

I haven't touched anything from his/her buddies list at all. I target him directly.

The people you may be interested in order to accomplish your plans:

(friends, other employees from cops office)

[redacted] vsson
k
c
e
c
g
a
j
a
d
l
a
A
A
L
J
E
H
A

Do you think this worth a try? Do you want some fast money? Do you have a good plan to mess around with him and run away with his money? Here you go champ: [http://\[redacted\]22](http://[redacted]22)

ZIP file password: [redacted]

(I don't provide you with more details such as where he lives, or his phone number, or his children names etc, do your own research as I did ;))

Have fun!

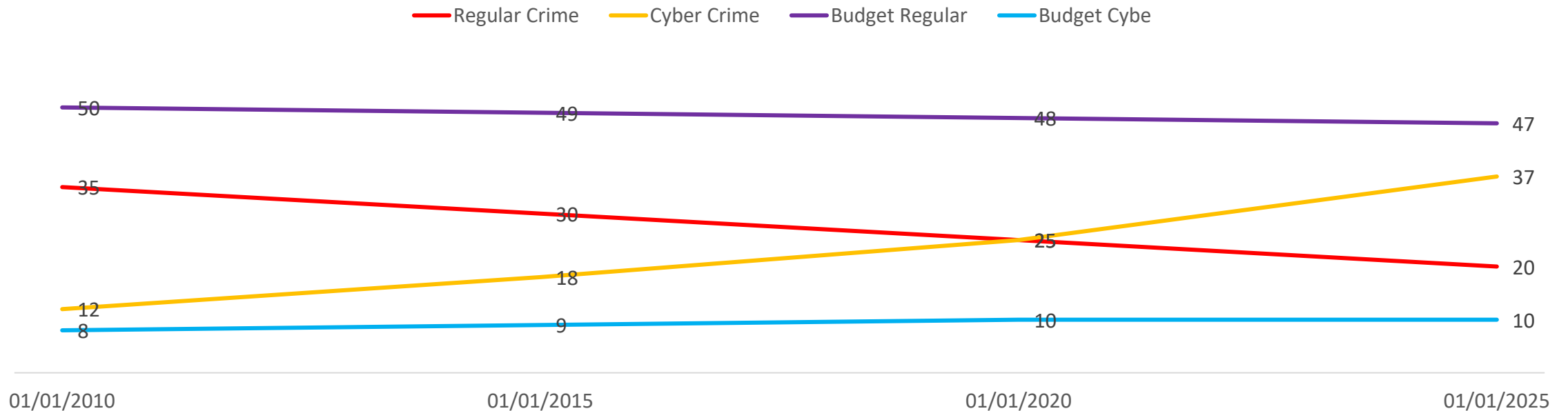
A Reminder - This is 14 Years Ago



Cyber Crime has Surpassed Illegal Drug Trafficking as a Criminal Moneymaker; 1 in 5 will become a Victim

Symantec Exposes the Truth about the Internet Black Market and Takes a Stand against Cyber Crime

CUPERTINO, CA (Sept. 10, 2009) – Every three and a half minutes a crime is committed on the streets of New York City³. Every two and half minutes a crime is committed on the streets of Tokyo⁴. But every three seconds, an identity is stolen online – that's nearly 10,512,000 identities each year. Cyber crime is real crime; and it is more profitable, provides more anonymity, and can be more difficult to prosecute than offline crimes. Today Symantec (Nasdaq: SYMC) the makers of Norton software, has launched a crusade against cyber crime.





Introduction to Security **Testing**

Hackers Manifesto

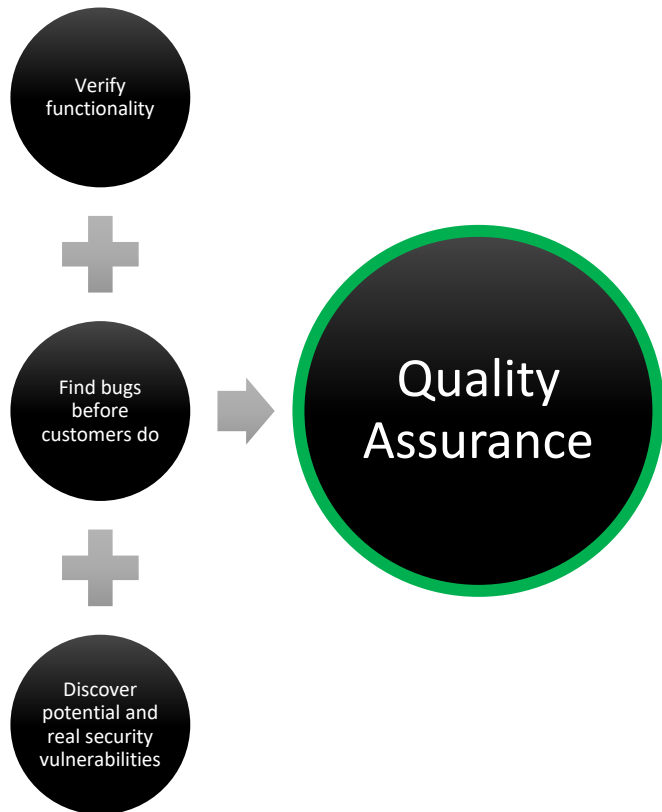
As a hacker, I am driven by a relentless curiosity and a desire to uncover the hidden truths that lie just beyond our reach. I know that there is always a way to penetrate even the most seemingly impenetrable systems. I approach every challenge with sharp senses, a keen intellect, and an open mind, ready to peel away layer after layer of complexity in pursuit of the answers I seek.

I understand that the work of a hacker is not magic, but rather the product of hard-won knowledge and a deep understanding of the systems we seek to exploit. I will not be deterred by initial failures, but will instead channel that energy into building my knowledge and experience, all the while observing the problem at hand and digging deeper than anyone else to find a way in.

To be a successful hacker is not easy, but I am committed to this path and will persist in the face of any obstacle. I will not assume that there is nothing to be found but will always maintain a sense of excitement and possibility, knowing that there is always something more to discover. I am hacker, and I will not rest until I have uncovered every secret and unlocked every door.



What is the Goal of Testing?





Always Keep In Mind





Primer on Web

- Web is ubiquitous
- It is an essential piece of technology to understand

Web1.0

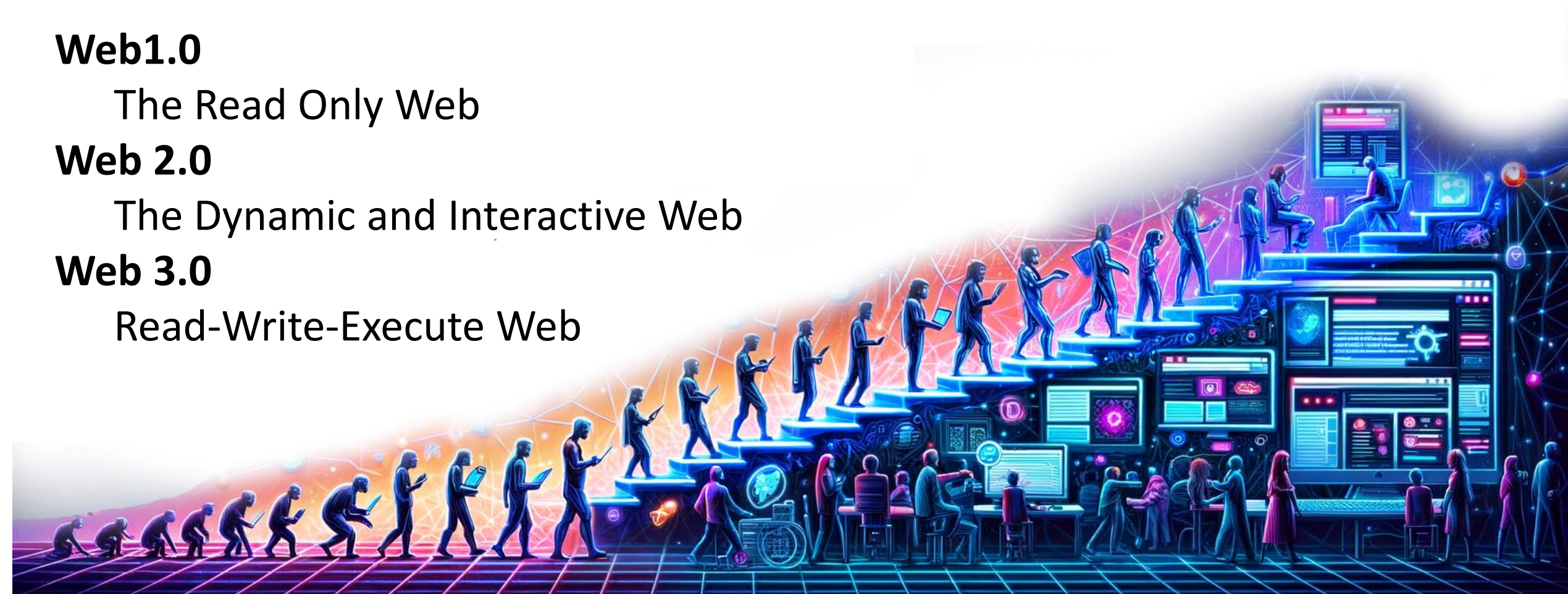
The Read Only Web

Web 2.0

The Dynamic and Interactive Web

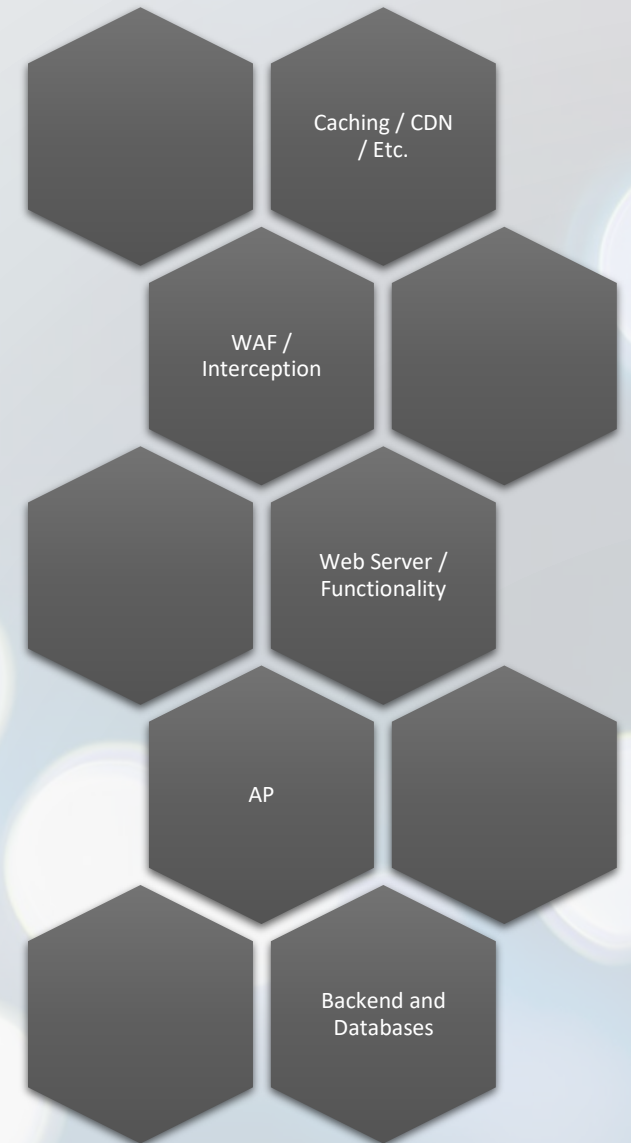
Web 3.0

Read-Write-Execute Web



Typically It's Not Just A Application

- ⦿ There is a front-end
- ⦿ API typically connected
- ⦿ Back-end supporting data read and storage





Components in Play

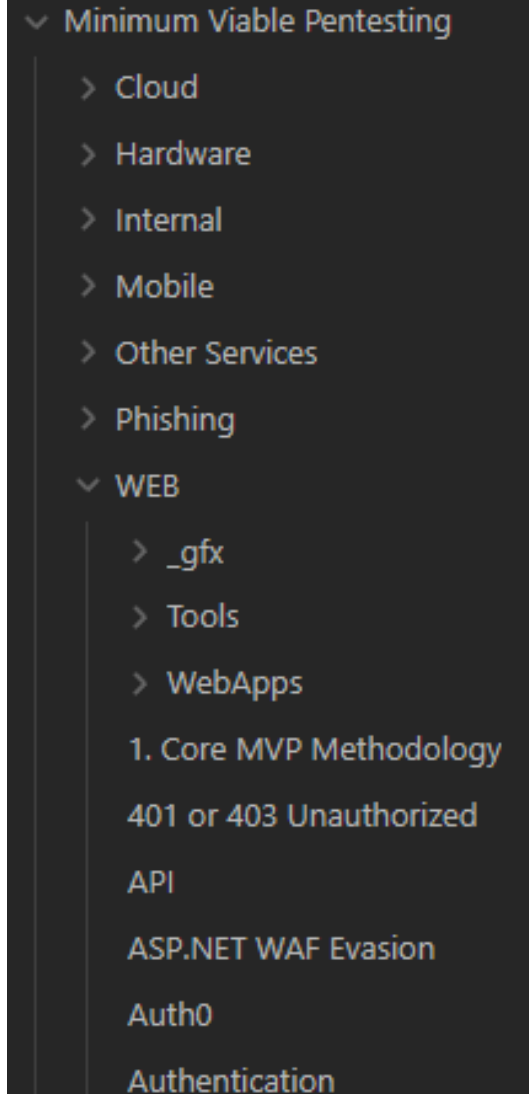
- 🕒 HTTP – For transporting between client and server
- 🕒 HTML – Mark up for displaying data
- 🕒 CSS – Mark up for styling
- 🕒 JavaScript – Programming to make it dynamic
- 🕒 Web Servers (e.g., Apache, Nginx) – Serve website content
- 🕒 APIs (RESTful, GraphQL) – Interface for interacting with other software
- 🕒 SSL/TLS – Secure data transmission
- 🕒 Frameworks & Libraries (e.g., React, Angular, Vue for frontend; Node.js, Django for backend) – Simplify development

Minimum Viable Penetration Testing

Define an **absolute minimum** of activity to perform on a certain system or piece of technology or application.

- Allow experience from previous tests to be reused
- A way to support pentesters. Don't start from scratch.
 - Your own refined Google / Hacktricks.xyz / etc.
- Not training on concepts, but simple bullets of what needs to be done
- Make pentester accountable to:
 - Check the things which needs to be checked
 - Ask team for help when there are interesting anomalies
- There are application and technology specific MVP's

Frameworks



```

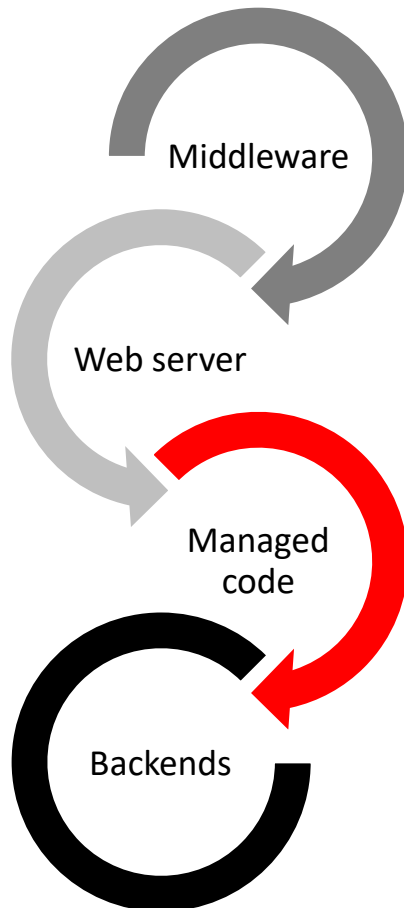
  v Minimum Viable Pentesting
    > Cloud
    > Hardware
    > Internal
    > Mobile
    > Other Services
    > Phishing
  v WEB
    > _gfx
    > Tools
    > WebApps
    1. Core MVP Methodology
    401 or 403 Unauthorized
    API
    ASP.NET WAF Evasion
    Auth0
    Authentication

```

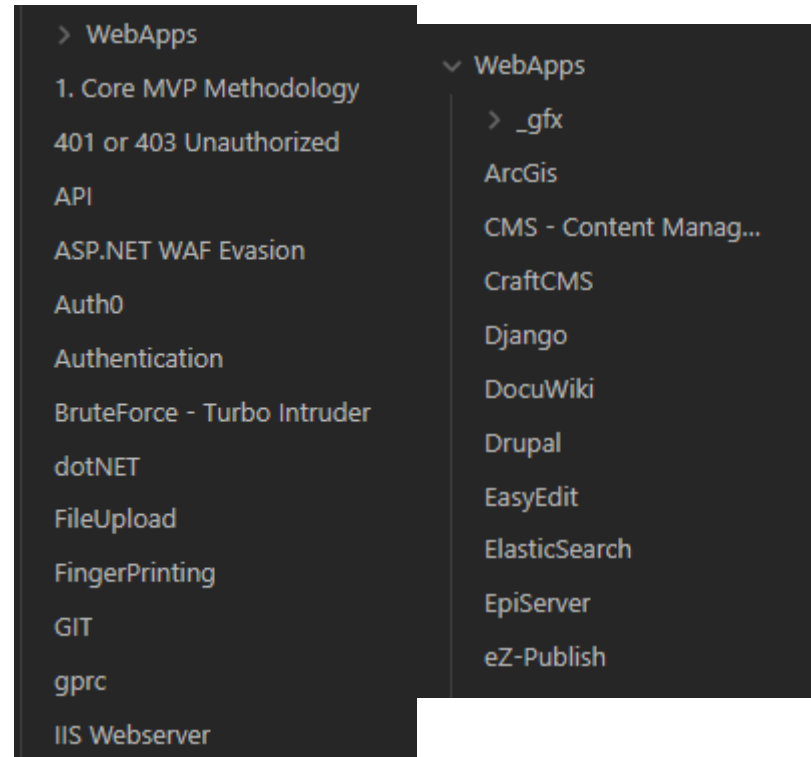
Tech and Application Specific MVP



Attack The Stack



Tech & App Specific MVP



Testing Frameworks

- 🕒 ASVS – Application Security Verification Standard
- 🕒 WSTG – Web Security Testing Guide
- 🕒 ...

IIS Short Name Scanning

Frameworks

```
PS C:\tmp\repos\IIS_shortname_Scanner> C:\Python27\python.exe .\iis_shortname_Scan.py https://[redacted]/metadacard/
Server is vulnerable, please wait, scanning...
[+] /metadacard/m~1.* [scan in progress]
[+] /metadacard/me~1.* [scan in progress]
[+] /metadacard/met~1.* [scan in progress]
[+] /metadacard/meta~1.* [scan in progress]
[+] /metadacard/metad~1.* [scan in progress]
[+] /metadacard/metada~1.* [scan in progress]
[+] /metadacard/metada~1.z* [scan in progress]
[+] /metadacard/metada~1.zi* [scan in progress]
[+] /metadacard/metada~1.zip* [scan in progress]
[+] File /metadacard/metada~1.zip* [Done]
-----
File: /metadacard/metada~1.zip*
-----
0 Directories, 1 Files found in total
```


WordPress Enumeration

```
https://riversecurity.eu/wordpress/wp-content/uploads/2021/08/20210729_175011.jpg
https://riversecurity.eu/wordpress/wp-content/uploads/2021/06/f_logo_RGB-Blue_100.png
https://riversecurity.eu/wordpress/wp-content/uploads/2021/06/LI-Logo.png
https://riversecurity.eu/wordpress/wp-content/uploads/2021/06/1-year-growth-1.png
https://riversecurity.eu/wordpress/wp-content/uploads/2021/06/1-year-growth.png
https://riversecurity.eu/wordpress/wp-content/uploads/2021/06/image.png
https://riversecurity.eu/wordpress/wp-content/uploads/2021/06/New-Project.png
https://riversecurity.eu/wordpress/wp-content/uploads/2021/05/River-security-01.jpg
https://riversecurity.eu/wordpress/wp-content/uploads/2021/05/overview-1.jpg
https://riversecurity.eu/wordpress/wp-content/uploads/2021/05/ooda-3.png
https://riversecurity.eu/wordpress/wp-content/uploads/2021/05/banner-042-01.png
https://riversecurity.eu/wordpress/wp-content/uploads/2021/05/eye-white-red-transparent.png
https://riversecurity.eu/wordpress/wp-content/uploads/2021/05/ben-den-engelsen-htcQ7uAWzAo-unsplash.jpg
https://riversecurity.eu/wordpress/wp-content/uploads/2021/05/yue-su-77z-0VJJj6g-unsplash.jpg
https://riversecurity.eu/wordpress/wp-content/uploads/2021/05/niclas-moser-ew6Guk2mqTk-unsplash.jpg
https://riversecurity.eu/wordpress/wp-content/uploads/2021/05/overview-1.png
https://riversecurity.eu/wordpress/wp-content/uploads/2021/05/overview.png
https://riversecurity.eu/wordpress/wp-content/uploads/2021/05/eye-black-red_in_middle.png
https://riversecurity.eu/wordpress/wp-content/uploads/2021/05/daniel-malikyar-FileFzugQfM-unsplash-1.jpg
https://riversecurity.eu/wordpress/wp-content/uploads/2021/05/Vegar.jpg
https://riversecurity.eu/wordpress/wp-content/uploads/2021/05/meg-rs-2.jpg
https://riversecurity.eu/wordpress/wp-content/uploads/2021/05/meg-rs-1.jpg
https://riversecurity.eu/wordpress/wp-content/uploads/2021/05/meg-rs.jpg
https://riversecurity.eu/wordpress/wp-content/uploads/2021/04/proaktive-reactive-1.png
https://riversecurity.eu/wordpress/wp-content/uploads/2021/04/proaktive-reactive.png
https://riversecurity.eu/wordpress/wp-content/uploads/2021/04/Farmer-1.jpg
https://riversecurity.eu/wordpress/wp-content/uploads/2021/04/1516243355397.jpeg
https://riversecurity.eu/wordpress/wp-content/uploads/2021/01/1516243355397.jpeg
https://riversecurity.eu/wordpress/wp-content/uploads/2021/03/secret.txt
https://riversecurity.eu/wordpress/wp-content/uploads/2021/03/tv2-exchange-2.png
https://riversecurity.eu/wordpress/wp-content/uploads/2021/03/tv2-exchange.png
```

#USERS

Chris Dale, chris
Karina Aarland, karina
Krister Kvaavik, krister
Magnus Holst, magnus
silje, silje

#POSTS

When You Don't Have MVP



- Create one
 - It is **minimum** viable
 - A starting point is better than nothing
- Dedicate days before the engagement to:
 - Build
 - Set-up
 - Configure
 - Break & Hack
 - Create CTF challenges ;)
- Create foundations for future hypothesis



Frameworks to help testing

OWASP ASVS



Technology Stacks

- It is rarely just a web-server
- Components are typically in-front and behind
- In-front we typically have:
 - Reverse Proxies
 - Web Application Firewalls
 - Caching, Content Delivery Networks
 - Load balancers
- Behind we typically have:
 - Databases, SQL, NoSQL, Key/value and more.
 - Files, folders and data
 - Micro-services
 - Search Engines



HTTP is Stateless

- In other words, HTTP does not automatically keep track of you
- Cookies, server-side, client-side
- Common client-side states involve:
 - Json Web Tokens (JWT)
 - .NET WebForms
- Server-side state are included in most development frameworks:
 - PHPSessionID
 - JSEssionID
 - .NETSessionID



Methods and Parameters

- GET, POST
- Also other methods
 - PUT
 - DELETE
 - PATCH
- Parameters can be provided as path of URL or in Body
- Parameters as part of the Path
 - /getUser/:id/
 - /get/user/1337/?limit=true

EXAMPLE HTTP REQUEST AND REPLY

GET / HTTP/1.1

HOST: WWW.EXAMPLE.COM

USER-AGENT: MOZILLA/5.0 (WINDOWS NT 10.0; WIN64; x64) APPLEWEBKIT/537.36 (KHTML, LIKE GECKO) CHROME/58.0.3029.110 SAFARI/537.3

ACCEPT: TEXT/HTML,APPLICATION/XHTML+XML,APPLICATION/XML;Q=0.9,IMAGE/WEBP,*/*;

HTTP/1.1 200 OK

Date: Wed, 14 Oct 2020 12:28:53 GMT

Server: Apache/2.4.18 (Ubuntu)

Last-Modified: Sat, 10 Oct 2020 14:30:00 GMT Content-Length: 612

Content-Type: text/html; charset=UTF-8

Content-Encoding: gzip Connection: Closed

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
```

```
<html> <head> <title>Example Domain</title> </head>
```

```
<body>
```

```
<h1>Example Domain</h1> <p>This domain is for use in illustrative examples in documents. You may use  
this domain in literature without prior coordination or asking for permission.</p>-
```

```
</body> </html>
```



Parameter Fuzzing Demo



Magic Numbers

- 🕒 What if you see a request with a number or predictable string?
- 🕒 Don't just not and accept
- 🕒 Challenge and test
- 🕒 What happens if we try another ID?
- 🕒 Always require authentication, authorization, use non-predictable values

```
https://example.com/profile?userid=100
https://example.com/profile?userid=101
https://example.com/profile?userid=102
```

```
<?php
// Get the user ID from the query string
$userid = $_GET['userid'];

// Retrieve user profile from the database
$userProfile = getUserProfileFromDatabase($userid);

// Display the user profile
echo "Welcome " . $userProfile['name'];
echo "Email: " . $userProfile['email'];
// ... more profile information
?>
```

```
// Hypothetical network service command handler
switch (command_number) {
    case 0x01:
        // Start normal operation
        break;
    case 0x99:
        // Start diagnostic mode
        break;
}
```




An Alternative to Magic Numbers

- GUID / UUID - 128-bit number used to uniquely identify information
 - 550e8400-e29b-41d4-a716-446655440000
 - f47ac10b-58cc-4372-a567-0e02b2c3d479
 - 5f9c0a0c-8d6a-40b4-8bbb-1ba16f1f5e4d
- Size and complexity makes them impossible to predict
 - Unless they use a predictable seed, e.g. computer systems MAC address, time or other non-random factors
 - Some UUID implementations focus on uniqueness, not predictability

```
https://example.com/invoice?access_token=4b3403665fea6
```



Stack Traces

- ⦿ Exposing these stack traces help attackers develop a targeted attack
- ⦿ If we don't expose these, attackers are blind...
- ⦿ “But we need them” – developers will say...

```
SQL Error: 1045, SQLState: 28000
Access denied for user 'admin'@'localhost' (using password: YES)
at com.mysql.jdbc.SQLException.createSQLException(SQLException.java:1074)
at com.mysql.jdbc.MySQLIO.checkErrorPacket(MySQLIO.java:4096)
at com.mysql.jdbc.MySQLIO.checkErrorPacket(MySQLIO.java:4028)
at com.mysql.jdbc.MySQLIO.checkErrorPacket(MySQLIO.java:951)
...
```

```
FileNotFoundException: /var/www/html/app/config.php (No such file or d
at java.io.FileInputStream.open(Native Method)
at java.io.FileInputStream.<init>(FileInputStream.java:146)
at org.apache.commons.io.FileUtils.readFileToString(FileUtils.java:180)
...
```

```
Unhandled exception in thread "main" java.lang.NullPointerException
at com.example.app.v2_5_1.CustomService.doAction(CustomService.java:45)
at com.example.app.Main.main(Main.java:25)
```




Error Conditions

- ⦿ Never reveal detailed stack-traces to the user in production
- ⦿ It greatly aids hackers

```
const server = new ApolloServer({
  typeDefs,
  resolvers,
  introspection: true,
  plugins: [ApolloServerPluginDrainHttpServer({ httpServer })], // https://www.apollographql.com/docs/apollo-server/api/plugin/drain-http-server/
  formatError: (err) => {
    const errId = errorId()
    err.errorId = errId
    err.title = "Factory Internal Server Error"
    logger.error(`Factory errored: ${JSON.stringify(err)}, traceback: ${err.stack}`)
    return `Something went wrong. For help with resolving the issue, provide the following error ID to a River Security employee: ${errId}`
  },
  includeStacktraceInErrorResponses: true,
})
```



Good Logging – 5 W, 1 H

We want logs to give the consumers **valuable** information, including security information

🕒 Who, What, Where, When, Why, How

2023-04-05 14:32:07 - INFO - Where: User Authentication Module -
Who: User ID 12345 IP Address 192.168.1.25 - What: Login Attempt
- When: 2023-04-05T14:32:07Z - How: Standard Login Form - Why:
User Initiated Login Process



Example

INFO - Transaction Completed - Who: User ID 98765 - What: Purchase - When: 2023-09-15T14:45:03Z - Where: Checkout Page - Why: User initiated purchase after adding items to cart - How: Credit Card Payment Card Type: Visa Amount: \$150.00 Transaction ID: 123456789abc

- Who: User ID 98765. Identifies the specific user who made the transaction.
- What: Purchase. Specifies the action or event, in this case, a completed transaction.
- When: 2023-09-15T14:45:03Z. Provides a precise timestamp of when the transaction was completed.
- Where: Checkout Page. Indicates the part of the system or application where the event occurred.
- Why: User initiated purchase after adding items to cart. Gives context for the action, explaining the user's intention or the cause of the event.
- How: Credit Card Payment, Card Type: Visa, Amount: \$150.00, Transaction ID: 123456789abc. Describes the method of transaction, including payment method, card type, amount, and transaction identifier for tracking and verification.

Bad Logging

- INFO - User logged out successfully
- [2024-02-05 19:15:32] - DEBUG - Button X clicked. Color changed to blue. Window resized to 800x600. Scroll position updated. User viewed tooltip text.
- Error encountered. User=1234 Time=9:15
ERROR: 404 Not Found. 2024-01-05. Page=/home
- [2024-01-05 10:05:22] - ERROR - Something went wrong
- [2023-12-05 09:15:32] - INFO - User Login - Username: admin, Password: ExpectCloudyWeather2024!

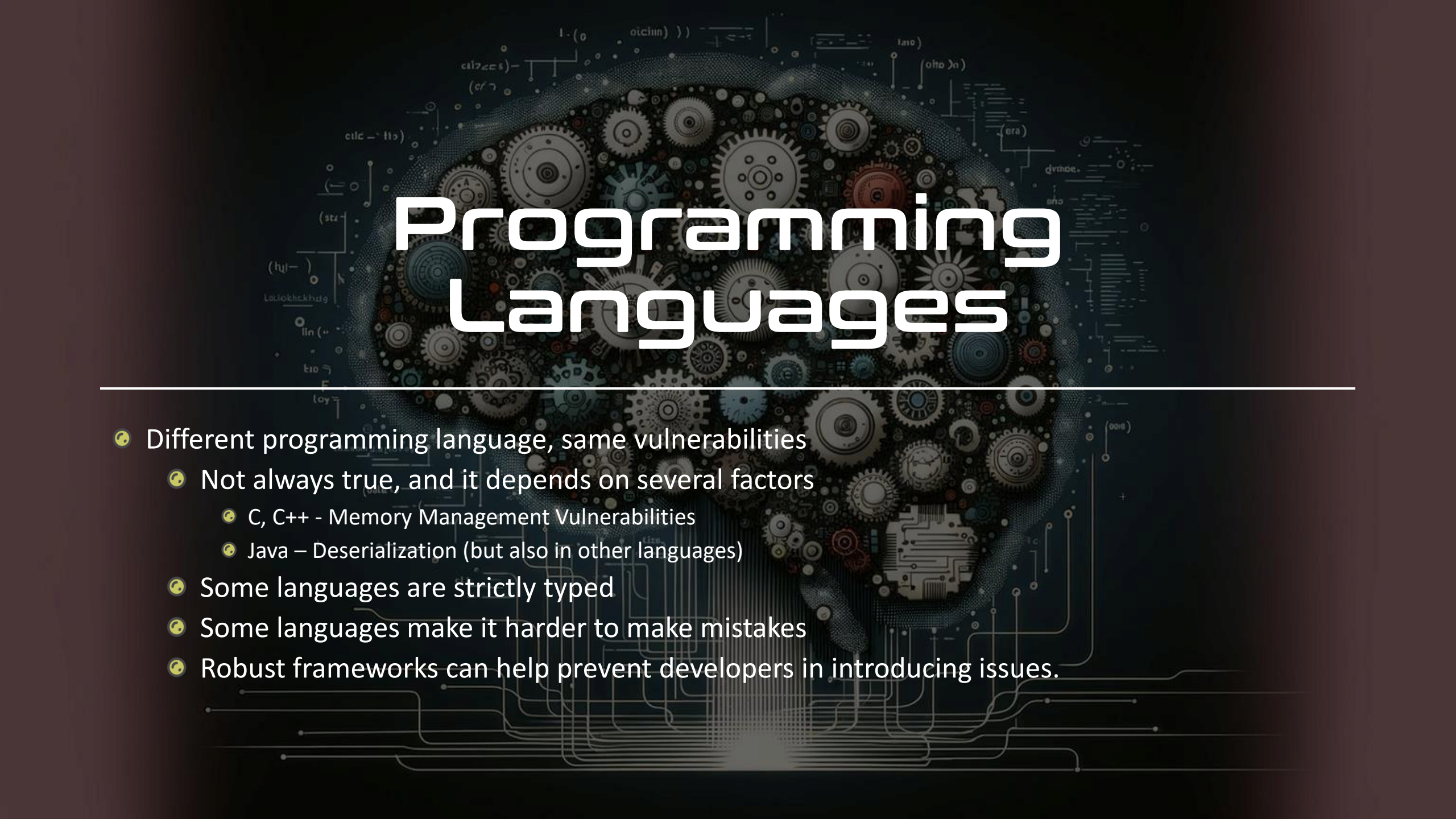




Headers

- HSTS and CSP
- Redirects
- Compression
- Caching
- Vhost
- Content-type
- Authentication requirements
- Server Information and Custom Headers





Programming Languages

- Different programming language, same vulnerabilities
 - Not always true, and it depends on several factors
 - C, C++ - Memory Management Vulnerabilities
 - Java – Deserialization (but also in other languages)
 - Some languages are strictly typed
 - Some languages make it harder to make mistakes
 - Robust frameworks can help prevent developers in introducing issues.

Encoding

- Not encryption
- Implies decoding if algorithm is known
 - No key involved
- Character encodings (e.g., ASCII, UTF-8)
- Data serialization formats (e.g., JSON, XML)
- Content encoding for compression (e.g., gzip)
- Audio/video encoding (e.g., AAC, H.264)
- Image encoding (e.g., JPEG, PNG)





Encryption

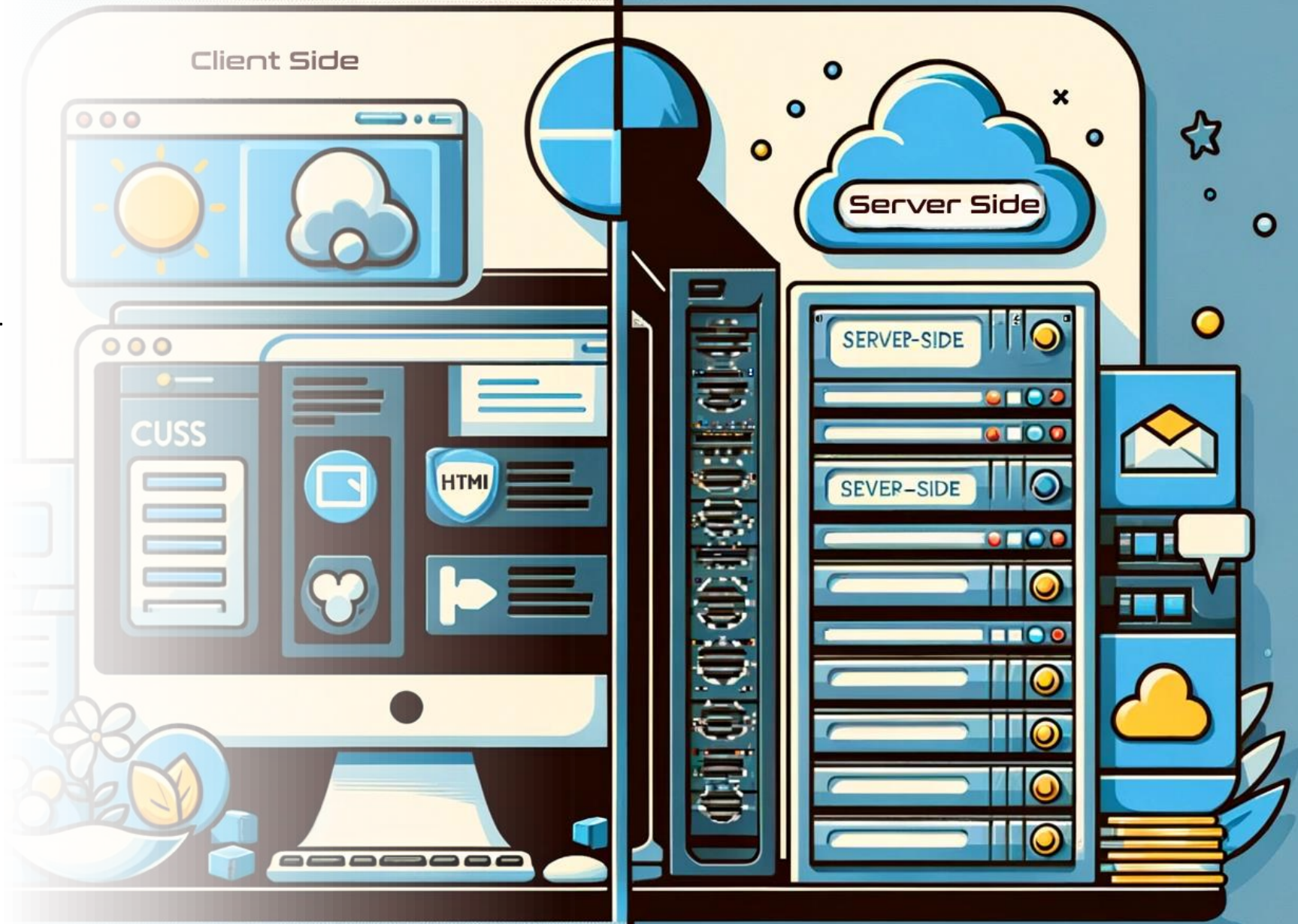
- Data at Rest vs. Data in Transit
- What good is data at rest encryption?
- Key Management and Rotation is necessary
- Asymmetric Encryption is strong, but impacts performance
- Symmetric Encryption is fast, but key management is challenging

A detailed illustration of a medieval library. The room is filled with tall wooden bookshelves reaching to the ceiling, packed with books. In the center, a large, intricate mechanical device made of numerous gears, wheels, and levers is illuminated with a blue glow. Several figures in medieval robes are seated at desks, reading or writing. The floor is covered with stacks of books and papers. The overall atmosphere is one of intellectual pursuit and historical mystery.

Crypto Demo

Client Side vs. Server Side

- Validation can happen in client-side
- But it must be present on the server-side
- Client side is for usability and performance
- Server side is for integrity and security



Common Security Scanner Findings

- Why are these a big deal or not?
- Crypto/SSL/TLS findings
- Missing CSRF, HSTS, Other Best Practices
- Programming Language Unsupported
- Application and/or Web Server Out-Dated





<input type="checkbox"/>	Sev	CVSS ▾	VPR	Name	Family	Count
<input type="checkbox"/>	CRITICAL	10.0		SSL Version 2 and 3 Protocol Detection	Service detection	37
<input type="checkbox"/>	CRITICAL	10.0		PHP Unsupported Version Detection	CGI abuses	4
<input type="checkbox"/>	HIGH	7.8	4.4	Apache Tomcat 9.0.0.M1 < 9.0.83	Web Servers	22
<input type="checkbox"/>	HIGH	7.8	4.4	Apache 2.4.x < 2.4.58 Multiple Vulnerabilities	Web Servers	2
<input type="checkbox"/>	HIGH	7.8	3.6	Apache Tomcat 9.0.0-M1 < 9.0.68 Request Smuggling Vulnerability	Web Servers	22
<input type="checkbox"/>	HIGH	7.8	3.6	Apache Tomcat 9.0.0.M1 < 9.0.71	Web Servers	22
<input type="checkbox"/>	HIGH	7.8	3.6	Apache Tomcat 9.0.40 < 9.0.69	Web Servers	22
<input type="checkbox"/>	MEDIUM	6.9	6.7	PHP 7.3.x < 7.3.32	CGI abuses	4
<input type="checkbox"/>	MEDIUM	6.4	3.0	Apache Tomcat 9.0.0.M1 < 9.0.80	Web Servers	22
<input type="checkbox"/>	MEDIUM	6.4		SSL Certificate Cannot Be Trusted	General	213
<input type="checkbox"/>	MEDIUM	6.4		SSL Self-Signed Certificate	General	82
<input type="checkbox"/>	MEDIUM	6.1		TLS Version 1.0 Protocol Detection	Service detection	140
<input type="checkbox"/>	MEDIUM	6.1		TLS Version 1.1 Protocol Deprecated	Service detection	112
<input type="checkbox"/>	MEDIUM	5.8	4.2	Apache Tomcat 7.0.x <= 7.0.108 / 8.5.x <= 8.5.65 / 9.0.x <= 9.0.45 / 10.0.x <= 10.0.5 vulnerability	Web Servers	22
<input type="checkbox"/>	MEDIUM	5.8		HSTS Missing From HTTPS Server (RFC 6797)	Web Servers	138
<input type="checkbox"/>	MEDIUM	5.4	6.9	SSH Terrapin Prefix Truncation Weakness (CVE-2023-48795)	Misc.	5
<input type="checkbox"/>	MEDIUM	5.0	6.9	Apache Tomcat 9.0.0.M1 < 9.0.81 multiple vulnerabilities	Web Servers	22
<input type="checkbox"/>	MEDIUM	5.0	6.7	Apache Tomcat 9.0.0.M1 < 9.0.43 Multiple Vulnerabilities	Web Servers	22
<input type="checkbox"/>	MEDIUM	5.0	6.1	SSL Medium Strength Cipher Suites Supported (SWEET32)	General	109
<input type="checkbox"/>	MEDIUM	5.0	4.9	SSL Certificate Signed Using Weak Hashing Algorithm	General	27
<input type="checkbox"/>	MEDIUM	5.0	4.4	Apache Tomcat 9.0.13 < 9.0.63 vulnerability	Web Servers	22

Privacy By Design

- ⦿ Data Minimization
- ⦿ End-to-End Encryption
- ⦿ Anonymization and Pseudonymization
- ⦿ Transparency and User Control
- ⦿ Privacy-Enhancing Technologies (PETs)
- ⦿ Default Privacy Settings
- ⦿ Privacy Impact Assessments



Kill Chains



- 🌀 Multiple different ones out there
- 🌀 But let us check MITRE ATT&CK



Kill Chains

ATT&CK Matrix for Enterprise

layout: side ▾ show sub-techniques hide sub-techniques

Reconnaissance 10 techniques	Resource Development 8 techniques	Initial Access 10 techniques	Execution 14 techniques	Persistence 20 techniques	Privilege Escalation 14 techniques	Defense Evasion 43 techniques	Credential Access 17 techniques	Discovery 32 techniques	Lateral Movement 9 techniques	Collection 17 techniques	Command and Control 17 techniques	Exfiltration 9 techniques	Impact 14 techniques
Active Scanning (2)	Acquire Access	Content Injection	Cloud Administration Command	Account Manipulation (6)	Abuse Elevation Control Mechanism (5)	Abuse Elevation Control Mechanism (5)	Adversary-in-the-Middle (3)	Account Discovery (4)	Exploitation of Remote Services	Adversary-in-the-Middle (3)	Application Layer Protocol (4)	Automated Exfiltration (1)	Account Access Removal
Gather Victim Host Information (4)	Acquire Infrastructure (8)	Drive-by Compromise	Command and Scripting Interpreter (9)	BITS Jobs	Access Token Manipulation (5)	Access Token Manipulation (5)	Brute Force (4)	Application Window Discovery	Internal Spearphishing	Archive Collected Data (3)	Communication Through Removable Media	Data Transfer Size Limits	Data Destruction
Gather Victim Identity Information (3)	Compromise Accounts (3)	Exploit Public-Facing Application	Container Administration Command	Boot or Logon Autostart Execution (14)	Account Manipulation (6)	BITS Jobs	Credentials from Password Stores (6)	Browser Information Discovery	Lateral Tool Transfer	Audio Capture	Content Injection	Exfiltration Over Alternative Protocol (3)	Data Encrypted for Impact
Gather Victim Network Information (6)	Compromise Infrastructure (7)	External Remote Services	Deploy Container	Boot or Logon Initialization Scripts (5)	Boot or Logon Autostart Execution (14)	Build Image on Host	Exploitation for Credential Access	Cloud Infrastructure Discovery	Remote Service Session Hijacking (2)	Automated Collection	Data Encoding (2)	Data Manipulation (3)	Data Manipulation (3)
Gather Victim Org Information (4)	Develop Capabilities (4)	Hardware Additions	Exploitation for Client Execution	Browser Extensions	Boot or Logon Initialization Scripts (5)	Debugger Evasion	Forced Authentication	Cloud Service Dashboard	Remote Services (8)	Browser Session Hijacking	Data Obfuscation (3)	Defacement (2)	Defacement (2)
Phishing for Information (4)	Establish Accounts (3)	Phishing (4)	Inter-Process Communication (3)	Compromise Client Software Binary	Boot or Logon Initialization Scripts (5)	Deobfuscate/Decode Files or Information	Forge Web Credentials (2)	Cloud Service Discovery	Replication Through Removable Media	Clipboard Data	Dynamic Resolution (3)	Disk Wipe (2)	Disk Wipe (2)
Search Closed Sources (2)	Obtain Capabilities (6)	Replication Through Removable Media	Native API	Create or Modify System Binary	Create or Modify System Process (4)	Deploy Container	Input Capture (4)	Cloud Storage Object Discovery	Software Deployment Tools	Data from Cloud Storage	Encrypted Channel (2)	Endpoint Denial of Service (4)	Endpoint Denial of Service (4)
Search Open Technical Databases (5)	Stage Capabilities (6)	Supply Chain Compromise (3)	Scheduled Task/Job (5)	Create or Modify System Process (4)	Domain Policy Modification (2)	Direct Volume Access	Modify Authentication Process (8)	Container and Resource Discovery	Taint Shared Content	Data from Configuration Repository (2)	Fallback Channels	Financial Theft	Financial Theft
Search Open Websites/Domains (3)	Trusted Relationship	Valid Accounts (4)	Serverless Execution	Event Triggered Execution (16)	Escape to Host	Domain Policy Modification (2)	Multi-Factor Authentication Interception	Debugger Evasion	Use Alternate Authentication Material (4)	Data from Information Repositories (3)	Ingress Tool Transfer	Firmware Corruption	Firmware Corruption
Search Victim-Owned Websites	System Services (2)	User Execution (3)	Shared Modules	Event Triggered Execution (16)	Exploitation for Privilege Escalation	Execution Guardrails (1)	Multi-Factor Authentication Request Generation	Device Driver Discovery		Data from Local System	Multi-Stage Channels	Inhibit System Recovery	Inhibit System Recovery
	Windows Management Instrumentation		Software Deployment Tools	External Remote Services	Hijack Execution Flow (12)	Exploitation for Defense Evasion	Network Sniffing	Domain Trust Discovery		Data from Network Shared Drive	Non-Application Layer Protocol	Network Denial of Service (2)	Network Denial of Service (2)
			Hijack Execution Flow (12)	Hijack Execution Flow (12)	Hijack Execution Flow (12)	File and Directory Permissions Modification (2)	OS Credential Dumping (8)	File and Directory Discovery		Data from Removable Media	Non-Standard Port	Resource Hijacking	Resource Hijacking
			Implant Internal Image	Process Injection (12)	Process Injection (12)	Hide Artifacts (11)	Group Policy Discovery	Group Policy Discovery		Data Staged (2)	Protocol Tunneling	Scheduled Transfer	Scheduled Transfer
			Modify Authentication Process (8)	Scheduled Task/Job (5)	Scheduled Task/Job (5)	Hijack Execution Flow (12)	Log Enumeration	Log Enumeration		Email Collection (3)	Proxy (4)	Scheduled Transfer	Scheduled Transfer
			Office Application Startup (6)	Valid Accounts (4)	Valid Accounts (4)	Impair Defenses (11)	Network Service Discovery	Network Service Discovery		Input Capture (4)	Remote Access Software	Transfer Data to Cloud Account	Transfer Data to Cloud Account
			Power Settings			Impersonation	Network Share Discovery	Network Share Discovery		Screen Capture	Traffic Signaling (2)	Service Stop	Service Stop
			Pre-OS Boot (5)			Indicator Removal (9)	Network Sniffing	Network Sniffing		Video Capture	Web Service (3)	System Shutdown/Reboot	System Shutdown/Reboot
			Scheduled Task/Job (5)			Masquerading (9)	Password Policy Discovery	Password Policy Discovery					
						Modify Authentication Process (8)	Peripheral Device Discovery	Peripheral Device Discovery					
						Modify Cloud Compute Infrastructure (5)	Permission Groups Discovery (8)	Permission Groups Discovery (8)					
						Modify Registry	Steal Web Credentials	Steal Web Credentials					



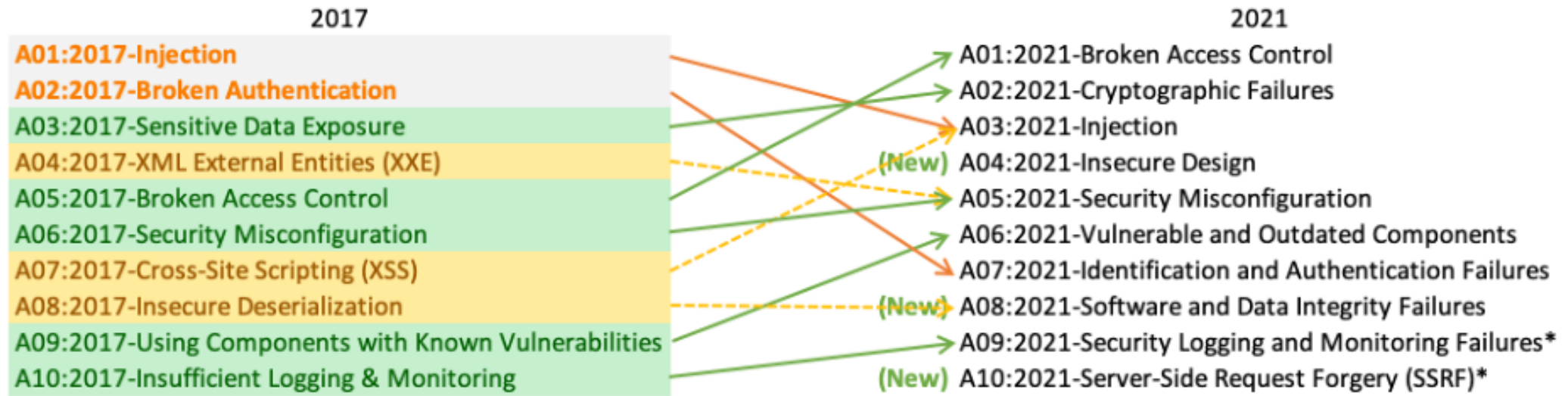
Section **Two**

Understanding Security Vulnerabilities



The Fundamentals: OWASP TOP 10

- A01:2021-Broken Access Control
- A02:2021-Cryptographic Failures
- A03:2021-Injection
- A04:2021-Insecure Design
- A05:2021-Security Misconfiguration
- A06:2021-Vulnerable and Outdated Components
- A07:2021-Identification and Authentication Failures
- A08:2021-Software and Data Integrity Failures
- A09:2021-Security Logging and Monitoring Failures
- A10:2021-Server-Side Request Forgery
- API1:2023 - Broken Object Level Authorization
- API2:2023 - Broken Authentication
- API3:2023 - Broken Object Property Level Authorization
- API4:2023 - Unrestricted Resource Consumption
- API5:2023 - Broken Function Level Authorization
- API6:2023 - Unrestricted Access to Sensitive Business Flows
- API7:2023 - Server Side Request Forgery
- API8:2023 - Security Misconfiguration
- API9:2023 - Improper Inventory Management
- API10:2023 - Unsafe Consumption of APIs



* From the Survey

Injection

What is injection?

The attacker sends text that exploits the syntax of the targeted interpreter.

Any data coming from other systems, scripts or especially from users should **never** be trusted before proper sanitation is put in place.





Let Us Take a Closer Look

- 🕒 SQL Injection – Attacking connected service
- 🕒 Cross-Site Scripting (XSS) – Attacking users
- 🕒 Command Injection – Attacking the server



SQL Injection - Just to make sure we get it

Query: SELECT * FROM users WHERE username=\$name AND password = \$pw

Data:

Userid	Username	Password
1	Admin	1234admin5678
2	Sylvester	stall0wned
3	Arnold	Musclemania2024

Username: Admin

Password: 1234admin5678

```
SELECT * FROM users WHERE username = 'Admin'
AND password = '1234admin5678'
```

Injection:

Username: Admin

Password: myPassword' OR 1=1;--

```
SELECT * FROM users WHERE username = 'Admin'
AND password = 'myPassword' OR 1=1;--'
```



SQL Injection

- 🕒 We are attacking the QUERY language and the database behind the application
- 🕒 Databases come in many shapes and forms
- 🕒 Let us demo and walk through



Cross Site Scripting

- ① Input from users are reflected onto the website, for other users to see
- ② What if this input is not sanitized?
- ③ Could it be misinterpreted as command and markup, not data?
- ④ With XSS we are attacking the USERS of the system
- ⑤ Let us demo this and walk through it



Command Injection

- 🕒 Developers are lazy and can often find use of the operating system to help them out
- 🕒 Operating Systems can often execute multiple commands
- 🕒 What if you can input such an additional command?
- 🕒 Let us demo and walk through this

The background of the slide features three damselfly nymphs, which are aquatic insects with large, prominent eyes and segmented bodies. They are perched on their own mud-like, cone-shaped egg cases or nymph cases, which are attached to a thin, brown twig. The nymphs are positioned on the left, center, and right sides of the frame. The overall scene is set against a soft, out-of-focus green background, suggesting a natural aquatic environment.

API Weakness Examples

API:2023 - Broken Object Level Authorization

- An attacker changes the userID parameter in a GET request to access another user's personal messages.
- A user modifies the accountID in a banking transaction API call to view someone else's account balance.
- An API call to retrieve a user's documents does not check if the requester has permissions for those documents, leading to unauthorized access.



API2:2023 - Broken Authentication

- 🕒 An API endpoint allows the use of default, weak, or well-known passwords, which can be easily guessed.
- 🕒 Session tokens are not rotated after login, allowing an attacker to reuse an old session token.
- 🕒 An API does not enforce multi-factor authentication, allowing an attacker to gain access with just stolen credentials.



API3:2023 - Broken Object Property Level Authorization

- An API returns a JSON object with confidential user details when a non-admin user requests their profile information.
- A user is able to retrieve other users' email addresses by manipulating the response object properties.
- An endpoint for updating user details does not properly check properties being updated, allowing an attacker to modify roles or permissions.



API4:2023 - Unrestricted Resource Consumption

- 🕒 An API allows the client to fetch all records in a database without pagination, causing excessive memory use.
- 🕒 A file upload API does not limit the size of an upload, allowing an attacker to fill the server's disk space.
- 🕒 An API endpoint for data processing does not have a timeout, allowing CPU-intensive requests to hog system resources.



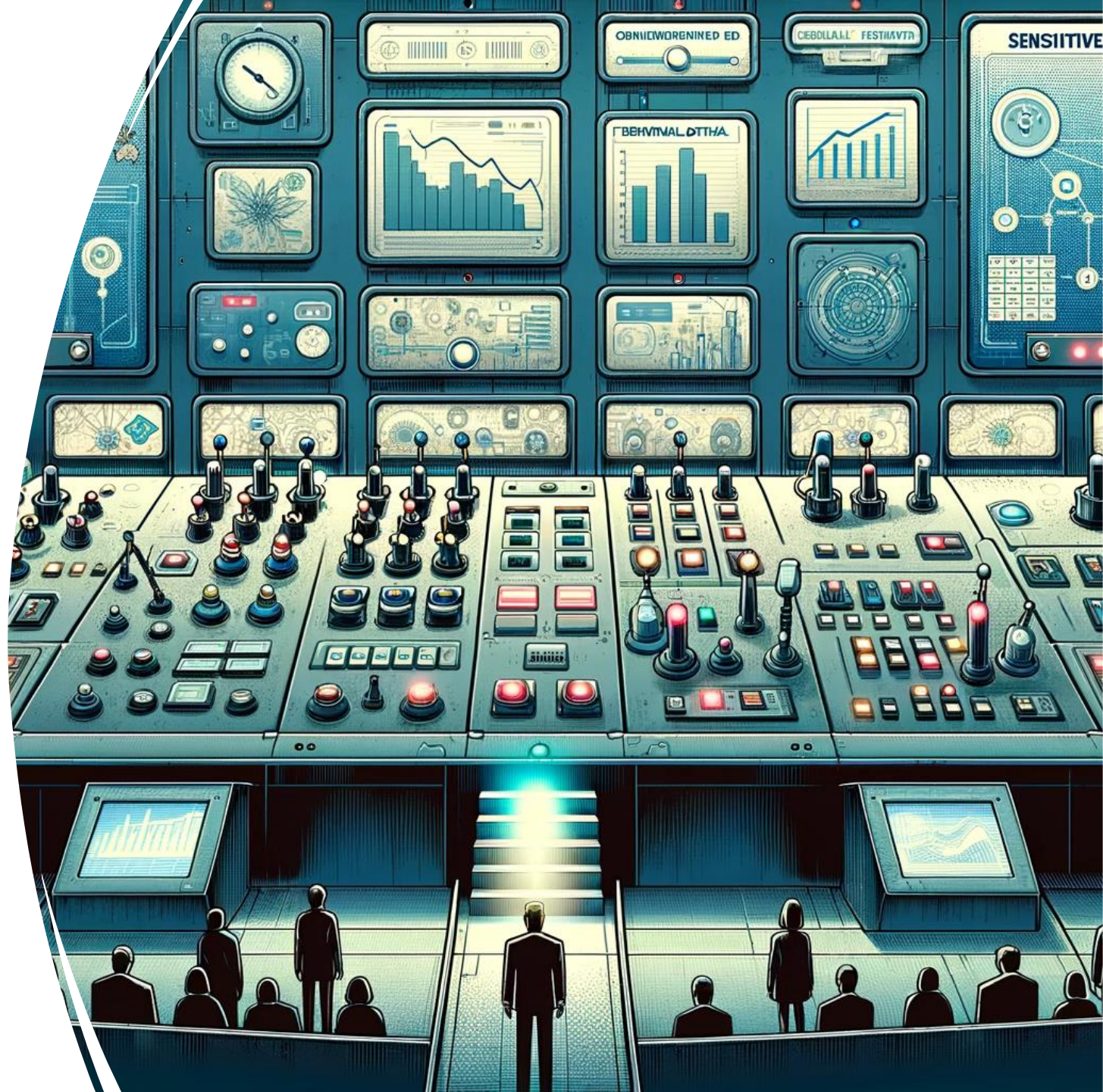


API5:2023 - Broken Function Level Authorization

- ⦿ A non-administrative user is able to access an admin-only API endpoint due to improper role checks.
- ⦿ An endpoint for deleting users is accessible by any authenticated user, rather than just system administrators.
- ⦿ A regular user can access an API function to grant permissions to other users due to missing function-level authorization checks.

API6:2023 - Unrestricted Access to Sensitive Business Flows

- An API that approves credit applications does not verify the role of the requester, allowing any employee to approve applications.
- An endpoint that is used to start a batch job for financial report generation can be triggered by any user in the system.
- A payment initiation API does not implement proper workflow checks, allowing users to bypass normal transaction approval processes.



API7:2023 - Server Side Request Forgery (SSRF)

- 🕒 An API that fetches images from a URL provided by the user can be exploited to access internal services from the server's perspective.
- 🕒 An API endpoint accepts file paths for logging purposes, which can be exploited to access system files.
- 🕒 A cloud service API does not sanitize user input for URLs, leading to internal metadata services being accessed.





API8:2023 - Security Misconfiguration

- 🕒 An API server with verbose error messages exposes stack traces that include function names and file paths.
- 🕒 An API endpoint is unintentionally exposed to the public due to incorrect security group settings in the cloud.
- 🕒 API keys are stored in a public repository, allowing unauthorized users to access the API.



API:2023 - Improper Inventory Management

- 🕒 A deprecated version of an API lacking current security features is still accessible, exposing the system to known vulnerabilities.
- 🕒 An organization is unaware that a development API endpoint is publicly accessible.
- 🕒 A company does not realize that an API endpoint with a testing database, including real user data, is exposed to the internet.





API10:2023 - API10:2023 - Unsafe Consumption of APIs

- 🕒 An application blindly trusts data from an external API, leading to cross-site scripting (XSS) vulnerabilities.
- 🕒 An app integrates with a third-party API without enforcing encryption, allowing data to be intercepted in transit.
- 🕒 An external weather API is consumed without rate limiting, and the third-party provider experiences a breach, leading to a data leak of API request logs.



Principles of Security Testing

Preface

- Garbage In – Garbage Out
 - Unfortunately, many developers are not defensive
 - Chosen to trust data-sources or does not realize which can be manipulated
- Many developers rely on online sources for solving problems
- Developers know about cyber security
 - But does not know how to audit, test or realize if their code is vulnerable

I Did Some Research



GOOGLE
RESULTS



BOOKS



SCHOOL &
INSTITUTIONS



COURSES

Imagine We Looked For

- XSS
- Command Injection
- SSRF
- XXE
- Direct Object references
- Type juggling
- File inclusion
- Template injection
- Password storage
- Serialization
- Least amount of privileges
- Xpath injection
- Cache poisoning
- CORS
- CSRF
- DOM-based XSS



Defensive Developers

- Ideally, developers should be defensive when coding
 - What input am I expecting, and how can I ensure it conforms?
 - I.e. input sanitization
- Where does it receive input from?
Don't trust any source
 - Database
 - User
 - Headers
 - Registry / files / whatever
- Always think:
“allow list” before “deny list”
- Gracefully fail, always

From

Subject

To

CC

BCC

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit, sed do eiusmod tempor incididunt ut labore et dolore magna aliqua. Ut enim ad minim veniam, quis nostrud exercitation ullamco laboris nisi ut aliquip ex ea commodo consequat. Duis aute irure dolor in reprehenderit in voluptate velit esse cillum dolore eu fugiat nulla pariatur. Excepteur sint occaecat cupidatat non proident, sunt in culpa qui officia deserunt mollit anim id est laborum.



Negative Testing

What Is Your **Name**?

Input a **number**

Upload a **zip** file



Our Objectives Should Be Clear

Identify, Map and Control risk

- ① Confidentially – Ensure sensitive data is only available to authorized users
- ② Integrity – Guarantee data can not be tampered
- ③ Availability – Make sure the application and data is available when needed
- ④ Authentication – Verify identity of users and systems
- ⑤ Authorization – Preserve the fact users should only have access to which they have been granted
- ⑥ Non-repudiation – Prevent users from denying their actions



Types of Security Testing

We've got to figure out where and what we want to be doing:

- 🕒 Penetration Testing – Expert Field
- 🕒 Vulnerability Scanning – “Anyone can do”
- 🕒 Bug Bounty – You're on the internet
- 🕒 Auditing – Ask, Interview and Check
- 🕒 Risk Assessment – Let's plan it out

SDLC Process



Secure SDLC Process



S-SDLC

- ⦿ A Software Development Life Cycle where we attempt to make it Secure
- ⦿ Keep in mind the word lifecycle implies:
 - ⦿ Inception/Development
 - ⦿ Operation/Use
 - ⦿ Retirement/Unrollment
- ⦿ Iterative Process



Other Kinds of Testing

- Static Application Security Testing (SAST)
 - Analyzing source code for vulnerabilities without executing the program.
- Dynamic Application Security Testing (DAST)
 - Analyzing running applications for vulnerabilities.
- Interactive Application Security Testing (IAST)
 - Combines SAST and DAST by testing applications from within using software instruments.
- Software Composition Analysis (SCA)
 - Identifying and analyzing open-source components within the software to detect vulnerable libraries and licenses.



Test Automation

- Via scripts
 - Unit Tests
 - Regression Tests
 - Run as part of build workflows
- Recording
 - Graphical Testing via Selenium
 - In-browser recording
- Typically to verify things behave the same after deployments

CI / CD

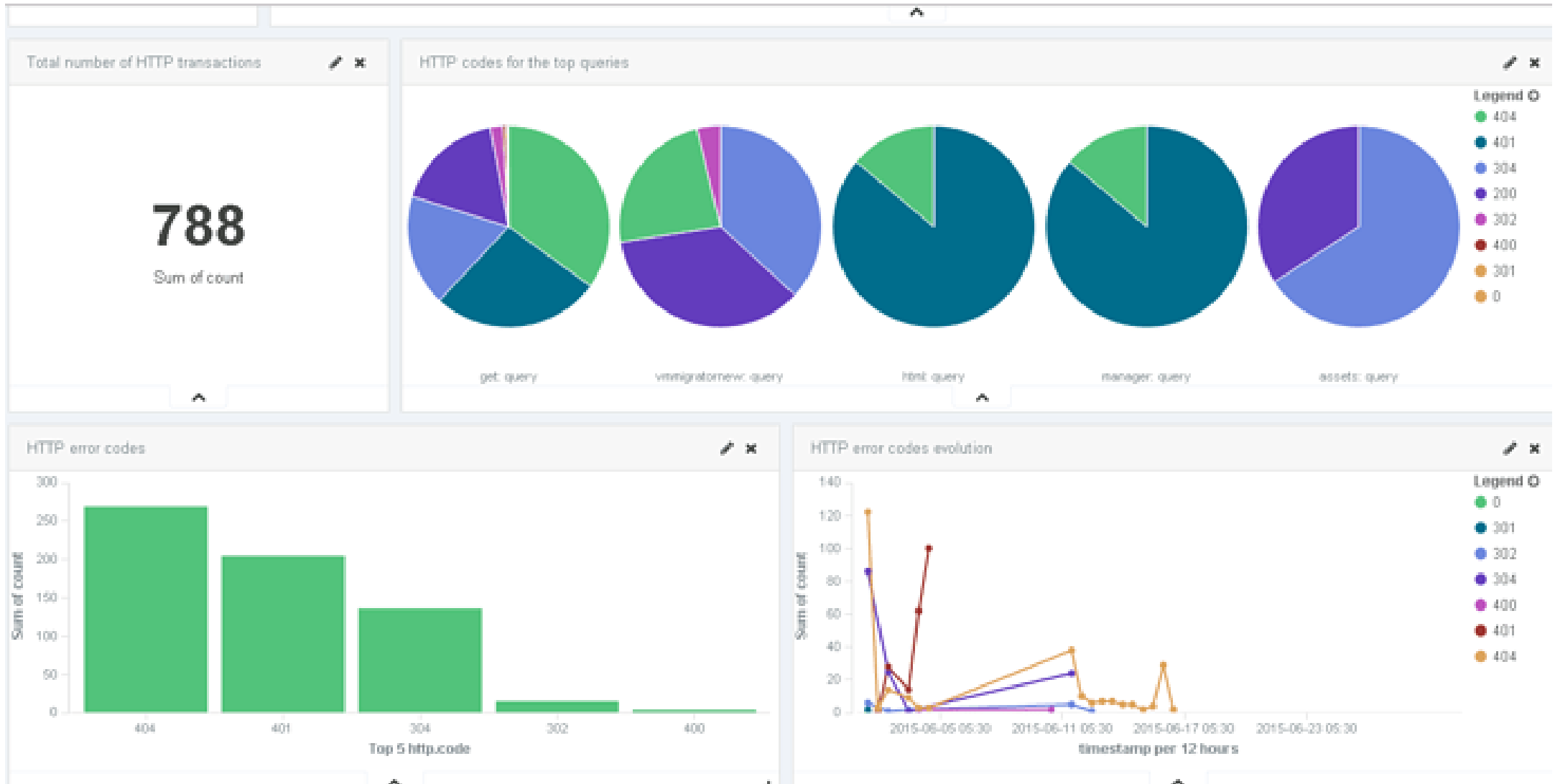
- Continuous Integration and Continuous Deployment (CI/CD): Integrating code into a shared repository frequently, with automated build and test processes to facilitate continuous delivery.
- Get automatic feedback on test conditions
- Get feedback early, during commits and build phases



- ✓ **fix: serve script (#17)** master
deploy #20: Commit cfea634 pushed by j...
- ✓ **deploy**
deploy #19: Manually run by j...
- ✓ **fix: deploy pipeline (#16)** master
deploy #18: Commit 57ed0e6 pushed by j...
- ✓ **deploy**
deploy #17: Manually run by j...



DevOps to Support





Scoring Vulnerabilities

- 🕒 Objective vs. Subjective
- 🕒 CVSS 3.1.1
- 🕒 CVSS 4

Risk Information

Risk Factor: Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score 6.5

CVSS v3.0 Vector:

CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:L/A:N

CVSS v2.0 Base Score: 6.4

CVSS v2.0 Vector:

CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:N



MEDIUM

6.4

SSL Certificate Cannot Be Trusted

General

6



Assessment Questions

- Is this vulnerability due to my code?
- Is it a part of the framework I use?
- Does my code use the vulnerable function?
- Does the vulnerable function accept arbitrary input from user?
- Does the vulnerability affect my server or my users?
- Can a penetration tester actually use this to exploit something?

Exploitability Metrics

Attack Vector (AV)*

Network (AV:N)	Adjacent Network (AV:A)	Local (AV:L)	Physical (AV:P)
----------------	-------------------------	--------------	-----------------

Attack Complexity (AC)*

Low (AC:L)	High (AC:H)
------------	-------------

Privileges Required (PR)*

None (PR:N)	Low (PR:L)	High (PR:H)
-------------	------------	-------------

User Interaction (UI)*

None (UI:N)	Required (UI:R)
-------------	-----------------

Scope (S)*

Unchanged (S:U)	Changed (S:C)
-----------------	---------------

Impact Metrics

Confidentiality Impact (C)*

None (C:N)	Low (C:L)	High (C:H)
------------	-----------	------------

Integrity Impact (I)*

None (I:N)	Low (I:L)	High (I:H)
------------	-----------	------------

Availability Impact (A)*

None (A:N)	Low (A:L)	High (A:H)
------------	-----------	------------



Snyk Output

```
cat .\snyk.json | jq | measure
```

```
Count : 2857
```

```
cat .\snyk.json | jq ".vulnerabilities[].title" | measure
```

```
Count : 17
```

```
cat .\snyk.json | jq ".vulnerabilities[].title"
```

```
"Prototype Pollution"  
"Prototype Pollution"  
"Prototype Pollution"  
"Prototype Pollution"  
"Improper Authentication"  
"Improper Restriction of Security Token Assignment"  
"Use of a Broken or Risky Cryptographic Algorithm"  
"Regular Expression Denial of Service (ReDoS)"  
"Regular Expression Denial of Service (ReDoS)"  
"Regular Expression Denial of Service (ReDoS)"  
"Regular Expression Denial of Service (ReDoS)"  
"Prototype Poisoning"  
"Regular Expression Denial of Service (ReDoS)"  
"Regular Expression Denial of Service (ReDoS)"  
"Regular Expression Denial of Service (ReDoS)"  
"Prototype Pollution"  
"Improper Input Validation"
```

- 🕒 Criticality
- 🕒 Widespread win
- 🕒 Quick-wins
- 🕒 Long tail



MEDIUM

SSL Certificate Cannot Be Trusted

Description

The server's X.509 certificate cannot be trusted. This situation can occur in three different ways, in which the chain of trust can be broken, as stated below :

- First, the top of the certificate chain sent by the server might not be descended from a known public certificate authority. This can occur either when the top of the chain is an unrecognized, self-signed certificate, or when intermediate certificates are missing that would connect the top of the certificate chain to a known public certificate authority.
- Second, the certificate chain may contain a certificate that is not valid at the time of the scan. This can occur either when the scan occurs before one of the certificate's 'notBefore' dates, or after one of the certificate's 'notAfter' dates.
- Third, the certificate chain may contain a signature that either didn't match the certificate's information or could not be verified. Bad signatures can be fixed by getting the certificate with the bad signature to be re-signed by its issuer. Signatures that could not be verified are the result of the certificate's issuer using a signing algorithm that Nessus either does not support or does not recognize.

If the remote host is a public host in production, any break in the chain makes it more difficult for users to verify the authenticity and identity of the web server. This could make it easier to carry out man-in-the-middle attacks against the remote host.

Solution

Purchase or generate a proper SSL certificate for this service.

See Also

<https://www.itu.int/rec/T-REC-X.509/en>

<https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/X.509>

Output

```
The following certificate was part of the certificate chain
sent by the remote host, but it has expired :
```

```
|-Subject   : O=Digital Signature Trust Co./CN=DST Root CA X3
|-Not After : Sep 30 14:01:15 2021 GMT
```

To see debug logs, please visit individual host

Port ▾

Hosts

2087 / tcp / www

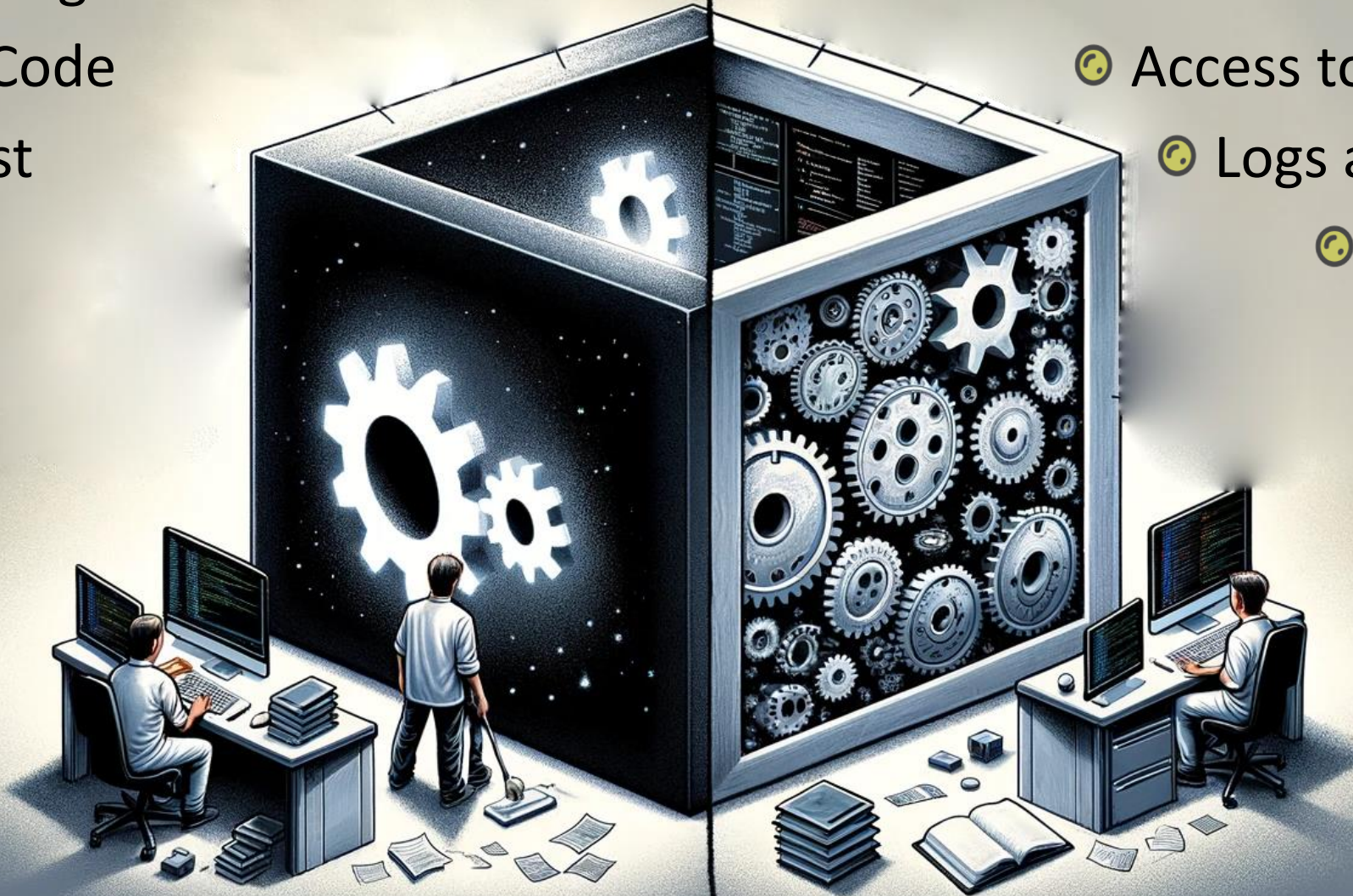
riversecurity.eu

BLACK BOX TESTING

- ⦿ Zero Knowledge
- ⦿ No Source Code
- ⦿ Do Your Best

WHITE BOX TESTING

- ⦿ Full Knowledge
- ⦿ Access to Source Code
- ⦿ Logs and telemetry
- ⦿ Nomenclature
- ⦿ Training





Threat Modelling

- ☉ Threat Modelling Can be Fun and Learning Exercise
- ☉ Help plan out the design
- ☉ Automate generation of risk
- ☉ Help conclude and understand designs attack surface

Performance Testing

- Performance Testing: Assessing the speed, scalability, and stability of the application under various conditions.

API Monitoring Scales with Your API (and Team)

SMALL	MEDIUM	LARGE	PREMIER
<p>🔒 API MONITORING 16 global locations Up to 1-minute schedules Email and webhook notifications Slack, DataDog, PagerDuty, etc. Daily performance report 📄 Open API (Swagger) import Continuous integration support</p>	<p>🔒 API MONITORING 16 global locations Up to 1-minute schedules Email and webhook notifications Slack, DataDog, PagerDuty, etc. Daily performance report 📄 Open API (Swagger) import Continuous integration support Custom script libraries Reusable script snippets Enhanced response timings 📄</p>	<p>🔒 API MONITORING 16 global locations Up to 1-minute schedules Email and webhook notifications Slack, DataDog, PagerDuty, etc. Daily performance report 📄 Open API (Swagger) import Continuous integration support Custom script libraries Reusable script snippets Enhanced response timings 📄</p>	<p>Contact us to create a custom plan specifically built for your team's needs. We offer the following additions to our standard features:</p> <p>OPTIONAL ADD-ONS Premium support 📄 Splunk integration 📄 Secrets management 📄 Service level agreement 📄 File uploads 📄 Purchase orders & invoicing 📄 Higher request volumes 📄 Large or multiple teams 📄 Dedicated account manager 📄</p>
<p>\$79.00 / MONTH 250,000 REQUESTS 5 TEAM MEMBERS</p>	<p>\$199.00 / MONTH 1,000,000 REQUESTS 40 TEAM MEMBERS</p>	<p>\$599.00 / MONTH 5,000,000 REQUESTS 50 TEAM MEMBERS</p>	
Start Your Free Trial	Start Your Free Trial	Start Your Free Trial	Contact Us ENTERPRISE >



Postman

- Has collections which can be shared among the team
- Parses OpenAPI/Swagger
- Understands GraphQL
- Overall is a useful and nice tool
- Has scripting and testing capabilities

The screenshot shows the Postman interface for a GET request to `https://www.postman-echo.com/get`. The **Tests** tab is active, displaying a JavaScript test script:

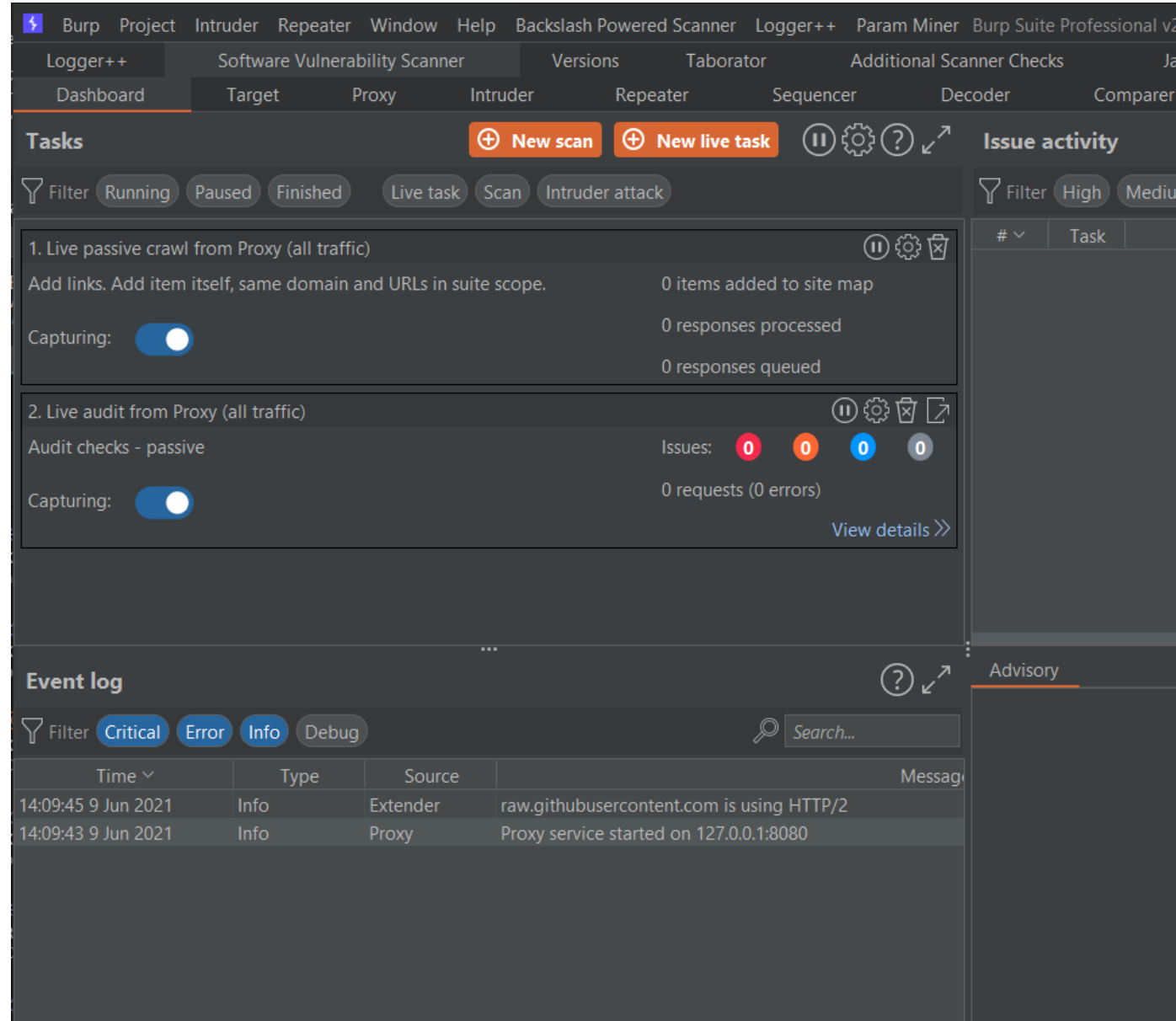
```
1 pm.test("Status code is 200", function () {
2   pm.response.to.have.status(200);
3 });
```

Below the script, the **Test Results (1/1)** section shows a **PASS** status for the test "Status code is 200". The response status is `200 OK`, with a response time of `427 ms` and a size of `848 B`. The interface also shows tabs for Params, Authorization, Headers (9), Body, Pre-request Script, Settings, and Cookies.



Burp Suite

- 🕒 Defacto tool by pentester
- 🕒 Strong fuzzing capabilities
- 🕒 Extension support
- 🕒 Very flexible and robust
- 🕒 Well developed scanner
- 🕒 Spidering engine with good SPA support





Where to Learn

- Challenges and Experimental Learning
 - Burp Suite Academy
 - Wechall.net
 - Overthewire.org
 - APIsec University
- Do It Yourself
 - OWASP Juice Shop - OWASP Top 10 in realistic environment
 - DVWA , DVWS – Damn Vulnerable Web Application/Service
 - OWASP DevSlop Pixi – MEAN (Mongo, Express, Angular, Node) Stack
 - REST API Goat
 - crAPI – Complete Ridicoulus API – OWASP Top 10 Vulnerabilities
 - vAPI – OWASP Top 10 exercises



<https://into.bio/chrisdale> & <https://into.bio/rivsec>



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